#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# SENATE BILL NO. 46

#### 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KOENIG.

Pre-filed December 1, 2018, and ordered printed.

0531S.02I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 143.011, 143.121, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.600, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eighty-five new sections relating to taxation, with penalty provisions and an effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576,

- 2 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738,
- 3 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712,
- 4 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578,
- 5 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 143.011, 143.121, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014,
- 6 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.069,
- 7 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526,
- 8 144.600, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.759, 144.761, 144.1000, 144.1003,
- 9 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and
- 10 644.032, RSMo, are repealed and eighty-five new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 11 to be known as sections 32.070, 32.086, 32.087, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571,
- $12 \quad 67.576, \ 67.578, \ 67.581, \ 67.582, \ 67.583, \ 67.584, \ 67.712, \ 67.713, \ 67.729, \ 67.737,$

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

11

12

13

14

1516

- 13 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545,
- 14 67.1712, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605,
- 15 94.660, 94.705, 94.900, 143.011, 143.121, 144.010, 144.011, 144.014, 144.020,
- 16 144.021, 144.022, 144.030, 144.032, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.079, 144.080,
- 17 144.082, 144.083, 144.084, 144.100, 144.105, 144.109, 144.110, 144.111, 144.112,
- 18 144.113, 144.114, 144.123, 144.124, 144.125, 144.140, 144.190, 144.210, 144.212,
- 19 144.285, 144.526, 144.595, 144.600, 144.612, 144.655, 144.710, 144.759, 144.761,
- 20 184.845, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, to read as follows:
- 32.070. 1. The director of the department of revenue shall enter into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration in order to substantially reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for all types of commerce. In furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, the director of the department of revenue may act jointly with other states that are members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to establish standards for certification of a certified service provider and certified automated system and establish performance standards for multistate sellers.
  - 2. The director of the department of revenue may take other action reasonably required to implement the provisions set forth in the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, including, but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and the joint procurement, with other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 3. For the purposes of representing the state as a member of the 17 18 agreement and, if necessary, amending the agreement, the state shall 19 be represented by four delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by 20 the governor, one shall be a member of the general assembly appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate, one shall be a member of 21the general assembly appointed by the speaker of the house of 2223representatives, with the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee as the fourth delegate. The delegates shall 24recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in 25the senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment 26of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the 2728agreement. Such delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status of the agreement.

30 4. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax 31 32agreement. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority delegated in this 33 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 34 all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 35 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 36 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, 37 38 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 39 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall 40 be invalid and void. 41

32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department and remitted to a political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset the cost of collection, unless a greater amount is specified in the local sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenues and shall remit the remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing district less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and dishonored checks.

- 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. [The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.]
- 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax, except] as provided in subsection [18] 19 of this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.
- 3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of

the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

- 4. [The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 5.] (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144**, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto[; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law].
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, except those in which voters have approved a local use tax under section 144.757, shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 2022, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying and collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer?

Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

 $\square$  NO

 $\square$  YES

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

- (3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2022, the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer.
- (4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.
- (5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2022, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by

the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

- (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.
- (7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election] as provided in subsection 19 of this section. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2023.
- (8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before November 2022, then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2022, if the jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the issue of imposing a sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer?

SB 46

Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue to provide for vital services for \_\_\_\_\_\_ (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a competitive advantage that non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- (9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election] as provided in subsection 19 of this section.
- [6.] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
  - [7.] 6. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.
- [8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local

sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

- [9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.
- [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [11.] 10. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [12. (1)] 11. For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales[, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.
- (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, the sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
- 193 (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the 194 local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes

of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended shall be sourced as provided by sections 144.111 to 144.114.

- [13.] 12. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the seller of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, but shall be collected from the purchaser by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.
- [14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.
- [15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.
- [16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in [sections]

144.010 to 144.525] this chapter. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

- [17.] 16. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.
- [18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective [the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of this section.
- 18. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added or detached from the city

SB 46

267

268

269

270

278

279

280

boundaries. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed under the local sales tax law shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

- 19. (1) The effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate change of each local sales and use tax is the first day of the calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers. In all cases where notice is required to be made to the director of revenue by a local taxing jurisdiction, such notice shall be made at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate change of a local sales and use tax.
  - (2) The effective date for any local jurisdiction boundary change for sales and use tax purposes is the first day of the calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.
- 20. (1) If a sales or use tax rate is increased, the new rate shall apply to the first billing period starting on or after the effective date of the increase;
- 284 (2) If a sales or use tax rate is decreased, the new rate shall 285 apply to bills rendered on or after the effective date of the decrease.

66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county 10 sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 11 12revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 13 preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited 14 with the treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from the county sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the 15 legislative council of the county, and to the cities, towns and villages located 16 wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the manner as set forth 17

18 in sections 66.600 to 66.630.

44

45

46 47

48 49

50

51

52

53

19 2. In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate distribution system as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing 20 21 the county sales tax, the county shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and 22 "Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a 2324 city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the 25 day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning 26 January 1, 1980, group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 27 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a 28 city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 29 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax. For 30 the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for distribution of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 31 32 town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on March 19, 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 33 34 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not have a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on 35 36 the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; except that, 37 38 beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages 39 which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 40 which did not have a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the 41 provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 42county sales tax and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax. 43

3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Except for distribution governed by section 66.630, after deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or

61

62

63

64 65

66

67 68

69 70

7172

7374

7576

77

78

79

80

81 82

83

8485

86

87

88 89

village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of group B.

- 4. From January 1, 1994, until December 31, 2016, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of group B.
- 5. (1) From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year are less than or equal to the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A and the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B, the amounts required to be distributed under the formula described in subsection 4 and in subsection 6 of this section. From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous

SB 46

90 calendar year is greater than the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, 92 towns, and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 93 12 of section 32.087, in accordance with the formula described in this subsection 94 and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns, and 95 villages in group A, the director of revenue shall, subject to the limitation 96 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, distribute funds in the county sales 97 98 tax trust fund to the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the 99 100 percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed 101 or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax 102 revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the 103 104 county bears to the total population of group B as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty 105 106 percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based 107 on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or village in 108 109 group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 110 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such 111 city, town, or village bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such 112that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less 113 than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or 114 village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or 115 village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 116 117 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town, or village located within the taxing county bears to the 118 119 total population of group B, as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in 120 group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount 121 of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in 122 which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 123 12 of section 32.087.

124 (2) For purposes of making any adjustment required by this subsection, 125 the director of revenue shall, prior to any distribution to the county or to each

city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county, identify each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county that would receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustments were made and calculate the difference between the amount that the distribution to each such city, town, or village would have been without any adjustment and the amount that equals fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Thereafter, the director of revenue shall determine the amount of any adjustment under this subsection as follows:

- (a) If the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this subsection is less than or equal to the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct the amount of such difference from the remaining distributable revenue and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that is equal to fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087;
- (b) If, however, the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this subsection is greater that the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct from the remaining distributable revenue an amount equal to the difference between the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year and the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014 and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to

each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that includes an adjustment that is proportionate to the amount of the adjustment that would otherwise have been made if such adjustment were calculated in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

- (c) After determining the amount of the adjustment and making the allocation in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, as applicable, the director of revenue shall thereafter distribute the remaining distributable revenue, as adjusted, to the county and to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county in the manner provided in this subsection.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, if a city, town, or village is partly in group A and partly in group B, the director of revenue shall calculate fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 by multiplying fifty percent by the amount of all county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630, less one percent for cost of collection, that are generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, regardless of whether such taxes are deemed consummated in group A or group B.
- 6. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of subsections 4 and 5 of this section, the revenues arising each year from sales occurring within each group A city, town or village shall be distributed as follows: until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, as hereinafter defined, there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total revenues shall be shared in accordance with the redistribution formula as defined in this subsection.
  - (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the

198 per capita countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior 199 calendar year reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied 200 by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been 201 annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the redistribution formula is as 202 follows: during 1994, each group A city, town and village shall receive that 203 portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that 204 remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax 205 revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage 206 which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 207 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 208 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 8.5 209 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the 210 total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the 211 municipality less the adjusted county average. During 1995, each group A city, 212 town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 213 occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 214 amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 215 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 216 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which 217 has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if 218 greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen multiplied by the logarithm 219 (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per 220 capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 221 county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, 222 town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 223 occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 224 amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 225 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 226 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which 227 has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to 228 229 base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita 230 sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county 231 average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution formula covering the 232 period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 233 except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities

238

239

240241

242

243

244

245

246

247248

249250

251252

253

254

255256

257

258

259260

261262

263

264265

266

267

268

269

shall be not less than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county average, nor less than 12.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county average by at least twenty-five percent.

- (3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent of additional sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a redevelopment project established after July 12, 1990, pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, while tax increment financing remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. Further, any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax revenues to the special allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment financing remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes so appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed in full to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed consummated. Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. As used in this subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the amount of sales tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized pursuant to chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was pledged as security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay,

SB 46 19

271

275

277

278

280

281

283

284

285 286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

270 outstanding obligations under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered into or adopted prior to September 1, 1993, between a municipality and another 272 public body. The cumulative amount of economic development funds allowed 273 under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to amortize the 274 obligations involved.

7. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter 276 its boundaries by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or if the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group A and the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group B vote to consolidate, 279 the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been a part of group B shall remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the effective date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town 282 or village shall receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the annexed or consolidated area bears to the total population of group B and such annexed area shall not be classified as unincorporated area for determination of the percentage allocable to the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns or villages in group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such consolidated cities, towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the purpose of sections 66.600 to 66.630, population shall be as determined by the last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purpose of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated county population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage immediately before each census shall be used as the new percentage base after such census. After any annexation, incorporation or other municipal boundary change affecting the unincorporated area of the county, the chief elected official of the county shall certify the new population of the unincorporated area of the county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by adoption of an ordinance by its governing body cease to be a part of group A and become a part of group B. Within ten days after the adoption of the ordinance transferring the city, town or village from one group to the other, the clerk of the transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a

316317

318

319320

321 322

323

324

325

326

327328

329

330

331332

333

334335

336 337

338

339

340

341

306 part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on the first day of January of the year following notification to the director of 307 revenue, provided such notification is received by the director of revenue on or 308 309 before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first 310 day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then 311 distribution to such city as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of 312 its new group shall begin the first day of July of the year following such 313 notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, town or village 314 315 becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.

8. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its boundaries, the city clerk of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the change of the municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B distributable revenue is allocated to the municipality in proportion to any annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated county elects to incorporate subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of group B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation election returns and a map of the municipality clearly showing the boundaries thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation election returns shall reflect the effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the incorporation.

9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety

352

353

354

18

1920

21

22

23

342 days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue 343 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 344 345 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 346 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 347 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 348 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 349 in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 350 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 351 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

10. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.391 to 67.395 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby 5 created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be 7 state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 10 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 11 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 12county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 13 preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be 14 deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of 15 funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 16 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county. 17

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the **repeal shall be effective** 

34

35

36

18

1920

21

22

23

24 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue 25 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 26 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 2728 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the 29 state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 30 31 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each 32 instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 33 county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county 10 sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 11 12 and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 13 preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as 14 may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the 15 tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the sum due the county as certified 16 by the director of revenue. 17

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the **repeal shall be effective** 

24 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 26 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 27 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 28 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the 29 state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 30 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each 31 instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 32 33 county. 34 3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of 35 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 36 67.500 to 67.545. 67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in addition to any tourism sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority vote, impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this section, the 7 term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean: 8 (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and 10 which are considered by the board to be tourism attractions; and 11 (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations 12 which promote cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts. 13 2. Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be submitted in substantially the following 14 form: 15 Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose 16 a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to 17 18 fund (museums, cultural heritage, festivals) in certain areas of the 19 county?  $\square$  NO 20  $\square$  YES 21 3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 22voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect pursuant to

this section, the museums and festivals board appointed pursuant to subsection

23

5 of this section shall determine in what manner the tax revenue moneys will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with directions of the board which are consistent with the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made directly to corporations pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. No such tax revenue moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, organization or entity that is not duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) organization.

- 4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate not to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain tangible personal property or taxable services within the county pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax pursuant to this section may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of expending funds collected from any sales tax submitted and approved by the county's voters pursuant to this section. The board shall be comprised of six members who are appointed by the governing body of the county from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county. The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the two political parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the county from which he or she is appointed. The members of the board shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board.
- 6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577, in order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to

67

68

collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [governing body may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that] tax shall be calculated as authorized by the provisions of section 144.285[, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions].

- 8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax 2 imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:
- 3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510 4 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 5 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of 6 sections 67.571 to 67.577;
- 7 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and 8 persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510 are hereby made 9 applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 4. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.510 for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.] Except as provided in sections 67.571 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the

34

35

### 28 tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.

67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but less than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, to be used solely for the funding of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the board to be a tourism attraction. The tax authorized by this section shall be 11 in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales 12 tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary, or 13 14 special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority to impose the 15 tax. 16 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 17following language: Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose 18 a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding 19 20 of museums? "Museums" means museums operating in the county, 21 which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue 22 Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the 23 museum board to be a tourism attraction. 24  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 2526 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 27opposite "NO". 28 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 29 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective [on 30 the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 31 notice of the adoption of the tax as provided by subsection 19 of section 32 **32.087**. If the proposal receives less than the required majority of votes, then the 33 governing authority shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the

governing authority has again submitted another proposal to authorize the governing authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such SB 46 27

41

51

54

proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 36 37 thereon.

- 3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall 38 be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of 39 the tax, and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. [The director may 40 retain an amount not to exceed one percent for deposit in the general revenue fund to offset the costs of collection.] In order to permit sellers required to collect 42and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 43 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, 44 45 or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the 46 [governing authority may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that] tax shall be calculated as authorized [in] by section 144.285[, and 47notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be 48 49 used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable 50 transactions]. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the 52 purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall 53 be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.
- 55 4. All applicable provisions in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 56 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 57 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons [pursuant to sections 144.010 58 to 144.525] under chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to the imposition 59 60 and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the 61 administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements 62 of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail 63 certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe 64 a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts 65 allowed the retailer pursuant to the state sales tax law for the collection of and 66 for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The 67 68 penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 69 144.525] **chapter 144** are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. 70 If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid 71 pursuant to this section, or in the event a determination has been made against

75

76

78 79

80 81

84

85

86

8788

89

90

9192

the person for taxes and penalty pursuant to this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144**.

- 5. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already existing in the county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue collected pursuant to this section. In the event that no museum board already exists, the board established pursuant to this section shall consist of six members who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county, with three members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the county. The members shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected pursuant to this section for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. The board shall determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with this section. Expenditures may be made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel.
- 6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of county) repeal the sales

tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of

museums?

Tyes \_\_\_\_ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

102 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the repeal was approved.

67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to

66.630, any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may impose an additional countywide sales tax on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 upon approval by a vote of the qualified voters of the county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing body of the county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon petitions signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county in the next preceding gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the 10 11 county. The submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate of not 12to exceed two hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the receipts 13 from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the county which are also taxable under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 14 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution of the proceeds in the manner 15 16 provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If either of the 17 alternative distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 5 of 18 this section is approved by the voters, then the alternative system of distribution may not be submitted to the voters for at least three years from the date of such 19 20 voter approval. 21 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the 22following language: 23 Shall the County of levy an additional sales tax at the rate 24 of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate) and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in \_\_\_\_\_ (insert proper reference) (subsection 25 4)(subsection 5) of section 67.581, RSMo? 26  $\Box$ YES  $\square$  NO 27 28 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and 29 collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided 30 in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If a majority of the votes 31 cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the 3233 governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales 34 tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. 35 36

3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] **to** 32.087, except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the

40

4142

43

44

45

46

47 48

49

50

5152

5354

5556

5758

5960

6162

63

64

65

66

6768

69

70

71

72

73

38 levy, collection, distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales 39 tax imposed pursuant to this section.

- 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed first to those municipalities that did not receive during the preceding calendar year ninety-five percent of the amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the population of the municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to ninety-five percent of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the money received from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 by the total population of the county. Population of each municipality, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census. For the purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area of the county shall be considered a municipality.
- 5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages, and the unincorporated areas of the county in group B and to such cities, towns and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, or village in group A receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section and the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630, less than the per capita amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the unincorporated area of the county in group B receives from the total proceeds from both sales taxes.
- 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon petitions filed with the governing body of the county signed by a number of

80

8182

83

84

8687

88

89

90 91

92

93

94

95

9697

98 99

100

101

102

103

104105

106

107

108

109

qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of distribution of sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the proceeds from the county sales tax be distributed among the county of \_\_\_\_\_ and the various cities, towns and villages therein in the manner provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 6 of section 67.581, RSMo, in lieu of the present manner of distribution?

85  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, unless and until a proposal authorizing such method of distribution is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. If the voters approve the change in the method of distribution of the sales tax proceeds in the manner provided in this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify the director of revenue of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption of the proposal and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the method of distribution, which shall be on the first day of the third calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice. After the effective date of the change in the manner of distribution, the director of revenue shall distribute the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds of the sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any county which elects to have the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in this subsection shall be distributed in the following manner:

(1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section has been distributed;

- (2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages and to the county on the basis that the population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the county the basis that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax revenues by the total population of the county. Population of each city, town or village, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census.
- 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized by this section shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of the county nor receive any share of either the proceeds from the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section or the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time of incorporation, such municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.
- 8. The county sales tax imposed pursuant to this section on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within the county imposing the additional sales tax. The amounts so collected[, less one percent collection cost,] shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be distributed in accordance with section 66.620. [The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of title.]
- 9. No tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports

149

150

151152

153

154

155156

157

158

159160

161162

163

13

14

stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.

10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants, is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the provisions of 5 sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be 7 in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the 10 county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to 11 12 authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

- 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:
- 15 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 16 authorized by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following:

Shall the county of \_\_\_\_ (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law

19 enforcement services for the county? 20  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 21 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 22 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 23 opposite "NO"; or 24 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into agreements to form a regional jail district and obligates the county to make 25 26 payments from the tax authorized by this section the ballot shall contain 27 substantially the following: Shall the county of \_\_\_\_\_ (county's name) be authorized to enter 28 29 into agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district 30 and obligating the county to impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) to fund \_\_\_\_\_ dollars of the costs to 31 32 construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to operate a regional 33 jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes? 34 35  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 36 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 37 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 38 opposite "NO". 39 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this 40 subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in 41 42 effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If 43 the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor 44 of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the 45 ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first 46 47 day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal 48 49 receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county 50 shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until 51 the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by 5253 this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant

57

58

59

60

61 62

63 64

65

66

67

68 69

89

90

to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital improvement projects.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 70 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 71 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 72surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust 73 fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement 7475 Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 76 with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 7778 of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county 79 imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 80 of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 81 trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such 82 funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 83 expenditures of funds arising from the county law enforcement sales tax trust 84 fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each 85 such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law enforcement 86 87 functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body 88 submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.
  - 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for

91 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 92 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by 93 94 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 95repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 96 section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, 97 98 for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 99 such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 100 101 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 102 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 103 the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of 104 each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 105 the county.

7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which 3 contains institutions operated by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law; provided, however, that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to 10 the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, 11 12 a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

15	Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide
16	sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing
17	retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their
18	dependents?

19  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

13

14

35

36

3738

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

23 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 24 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 25 amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are 26 27 opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no 28 power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing 29 body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the 30 governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 31 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 32 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 33 34 proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents.
- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 39 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be 40 41 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 42surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Employee Benefit 43 44 Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 45 with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 46 of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county 47 imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 48 inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 49 of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 50 trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such 51 funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 53 expenditures of funds arising from the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall be for the provision of retirement benefits or health care benefits for 54 55 employees of the county and their dependents and for no other purpose.

56 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 58 erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 59 tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety 60 days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective 61 62 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 63 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 64 65 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 66 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 67 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 68 in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 69 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 70 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing law 6 enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a 10 11 county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the 12 governing body of the county to impose a tax.

2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

16	Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide
17	sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law
18	enforcement services for the county?

19  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

13

14

15

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section. 

- 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund established pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for any private contractor providing law enforcement services or for any private jail.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county [, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust

72

7374

7576

7778

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87 88

89

90

fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Prosecuting Attorney's 56 Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The moneys 58 in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 59 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep 60 accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts and which was collected in 61 62 each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than 63 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 64 65 deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be 68 by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized 69 70 in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the 71 voters.

6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section **32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the appropriate trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county established pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under

sections 67.700 to 67.727 on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost 3 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 10 11 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each 12 county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the 13 director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 14 the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing 15 16 the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the sum, as certified by the 17 director of revenue, due the county.

- 18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 19 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 20 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 21and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax 22authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 23 24repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 25 section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, 26 for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem 2728 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by 29 sections 67.700 to 67.727 in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize 30 the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 31 32 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 33 34 county.
  - 3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.700 to 67.727.

35

36

37

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

36

67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf of any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in sections 67.700 to 67.727,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county-municipal storm 10 11 water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue 13 shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers 14 15 of the county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of the department of revenue 16 17 shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which 18 19 levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within 20 such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
- 2. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify

50

51

5253

5455

5657

58

59

60

61

62

10

37 the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective 38 date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention 39 in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for 40 a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 41 notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 42 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 43 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 44 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or 45 46 municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director 47 of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any 48 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or 49 municipality.

3. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the proceeds of any tax imposed under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries of the requesting municipality for the construction, reconstruction or widening of any road established or to be established pursuant to section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: (a) a public hearing is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and specifications of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in accordance with accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is presented to such public hearing. Such cost-benefit analysis and its work papers shall be a public document and subject to inspection as provided in chapter 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to proposed projects in unincorporated areas of the county.

67.729. 1. Any county except any first class county having a charter form
2 of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may,
3 in the same manner and by the same procedure and subject to the same penalties
4 as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose a sales tax of not more than
5 one-tenth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are
6 subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding storm
7 water control and public works projects other than stadiums or other sports
8 facilities. This sales tax shall be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by
9 law.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition

of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, all sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
- 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the **repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the county

56

57

18

1920

21

22

47 storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 48 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 49 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 50 effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 51 52authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each 53 county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 54 receipts due the county. 55

## 4. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.730 to 67.739 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 10 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records shall be open to the 11 inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the 12tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 13 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the 14 county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 15 16 ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county. 17

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refund from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county shall notify the director of

23 revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal or expiration and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention 25 in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 2627 after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 2829 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or 30 expiration of the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the 31 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 32 the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of 33 each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 34 the county.

67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form
2 of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer
3 than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax
4 throughout the county on all retail sales made in the county which are
5 subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for public recreational projects and
6 programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section shall not become effective
7 unless the governing body of such county submits to the qualified voters of the
8 county a proposal to authorize the county to impose the sales tax.

2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of up to one percent

for the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction,

operation, and maintenance of recreational projects and programs,

including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

 $\square$  YES

14

15

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

24

3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.

 $\square$  NO

4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service within the county[, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the

25 state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525].

- 5. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the director of revenue on behalf of a county, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such officer as may be designated by county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax under this section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.
- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the **repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund for a period of one year of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of such county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due such county.
- 7. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance with this section by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in sections 67.750 to 67.780.
  - 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from

land for such purposes?

 $\square$  YES

64

6566

17

18

19

20

2122

2324

25

26

2728

61 the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and 62 approved by the qualified voters in the county in the manner provided in this 63 section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

- 9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.
- 67 10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085 68 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class having a population of more than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class county, both counties making up the same judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of their respective counties on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and 9 programs, but the sales taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of each such county submits to the voters of their 10 11 respective counties a proposal to authorize the counties to impose the sales tax. 12 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: Shall the County of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_ percent in 13 conjunction with the county of \_\_\_\_\_ for the purpose of funding the 14 15 financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of 16 recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of

If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon in each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be in effect in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon in either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of neither county shall have power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless or until the governing body of the county that has not approved the tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon in that county.

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

4445

46 47

48 49

50

5152

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

62

63

64

from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.

- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.
- 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the **repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The** director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
  - 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with

SB 46 50

74

75

76 77

81

83

84

65 this section, by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 66 67.750 to 67.780.

- 67 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section may contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or 68 69 political subdivision for the financing, acquisition, operation, construction, maintenance, or utilization of any recreation facility or project or program funded 70 in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to the 71 72 provisions of this section.
- 73 8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.
- 78 9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any 79 county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions 80 of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public 82 recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.
- 85 10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or 86 limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks 87 and other recreational grounds for public recreation.
- 88 11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 89 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the 3 boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the 5 district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state 8 general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax.
- 9 2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:
- 10 Shall a cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation
- be levied for public parks and recreational facilities? 11

20

21

22

23

24

2526

2728

29

30

31 32

33

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the board of directors of the district submits another proposal to authorize the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes are levied and collected.
- 4. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of public parks, recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of a regional recreational district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. No tax pursuant to this subsection shall become effective unless the board of directors submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax, and such tax shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such tax approve such tax.
- 34 (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax pursuant to this 35 subsection, the question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: 36 Shall a \_\_\_\_\_ cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the 37 district for public parks and recreational facilities?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 39 40 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast 41 42 by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until another proposal 43 to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal 44 is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. The provisions 45 of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved pursuant to 46 this subsection. 47

48

49

50

5152

53

5455

5657

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any individuals residing within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered voters and who have registered to vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the proposed district, all of the owners of real property located within the proposed district who have unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the property within the proposed district is a political subdivision or corporation of the state, the governing body of such political subdivision or corporation shall be considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand one hundred but fewer than eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county. One-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the 8 9 cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund any service or activity deemed necessary by the senior service tax commission established in this section, and 11 one-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an 12 13 existing county community task force. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance shall not become 15 effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters residing 16 within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to 17 authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section. 18

2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund senior services provided by the county and half of the revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund youth programs provided by the county?

31

32

33

34

35 36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43 44

45

46

47 48

49

50

5152

53

54

55

56

5758

59

60

61 62

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter immediately following the approval of the tax or notification to the department of revenue if such tax will be administered by the department of revenue] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 3. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of the department of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective date of the tax the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and] Sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of any county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax,

72

7374

75

76

77

78 79

80

81

83

84

85

8687

88

89

90 91

92

93

94

and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county may 63 authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized in section 144,285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket 65 system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable 66 transactions.] Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the 67 county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the 68 purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same 69 70 manner as the purchase price. [For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer. 71

- 5. All applicable provisions in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax[, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144,010 to 144,525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid under this section, or in the event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525].
- 6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action [at least thirty days] before the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that

137

138

139

140

141

142

county. The director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties, restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.

67.1300. 1. The governing body of any of the contiguous counties of the third classification without a township form of government enumerated in subdivisions (1) to (5) of this subsection or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second classification, having a population of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand with a state university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants or a county of the third classification with a township form of government and with a 9 population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants or a county of the third classification with more than fifteen 10 11 townships having a population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants or a county of the third classification without a township form of government and with a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight 13 14 thousand inhabitants or any county of the third classification with a population greater than three thousand but less than four thousand or any county of the 15 third classification with a population greater than six thousand one hundred but 16 17 less than six thousand four hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand eight hundred but less than seven 18 thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than 19 seven thousand eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred or any 20 21 county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 22 four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than nine thousand but less than 23 24 nine thousand two hundred or any county of the third classification with a 25 population greater than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six 26 hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than 27 twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven 28 hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than

29 thirty-three thousand but less than thirty-four thousand or a county of the third 30 classification with a population greater than twenty thousand eight hundred but less than twenty-one thousand or a county of the third classification with a 31 32 population greater than fourteen thousand one hundred but less than fourteen 33 thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty thousand eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two 34 thousand or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 35 thirty-nine thousand but less than forty thousand or a county of the third 36 37 classification with a township form of organization and a population greater than 38 twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand or a county of the 39 third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than 40 fifteen thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a 41 population greater than eighteen thousand but less than nineteen thousand seventy or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 4243 thirteen thousand nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 44 45 thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred or a county of the first classification without a charter form of government and a population of at 46 47 least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand or a county of the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less 48 49 than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification or a 50 county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three 51 52 thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of 53 government which does not adjoin any county of the second or fourth classification and does adjoin a county of the first classification with a population 54 greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one hundred fifty 55 thousand or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the 56 second classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand or any 57 governing body of a municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by 58 ordinance or order, a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or 59 60 municipality which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 61 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144:

(1) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;

62

63

64

(2) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred

65 inhabitants but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;

- (3) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- (4) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred inhabitants but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; and
- 70 (5) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred 71 inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.
- 72 2. The maximum rate for a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be one 73 percent for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.
  - 3. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality submits to the voters of the county or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, municipal or state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.
  - 4. Such proposal shall be submitted in substantially the following form: Shall the (city, town, village or county) of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of economic development in the (city, town, village or county)?

 $\square$  NO

 $\square$  YES

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or municipality shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until the governing body of the county or municipality resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however no such proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last such proposal.

5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax

authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

- 6. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county or municipal funds.
- 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county or municipality, [less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.
- 9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.
- 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties and municipalities.

137 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or 138 municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective 139 140 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 141 142 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 143 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 144 145 abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the 146 account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each 147 148 county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 149 redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

- 150 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 151 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 152 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is limited to the following:
- 154 (1) Operations of economic development or community development 155 offices, including the salaries of employees;
  - (2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;

156

- 157 (3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or for public infrastructure projects; and
- (4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to communitydevelopment.

67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine hundred inhabitants or any city within such county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. In addition, the governing body of any

county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 13 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of 15 any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax 16 on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under 1718 chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become 19 effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of 20 the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize 2122the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this 23 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be 24 stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

25 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 26 in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 31 32 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 33 first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 34 the election was held as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 35 are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and 36 until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and 37 such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 38 39 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal. 40

- 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 46 (1) Acquisition of land;

27

28 29

30

41

42

43 44

45

- 47 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 48 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;

- 49 (4) Extension of streets;
- 50 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants;
- 51 (6) Marketing;
- 52 (7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities;
- 53 and

58

59

60

61

6263

64

65

66

6768

7172

73 74

75

77

78

80

81

- 54 (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, 55 equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure. Not more than 56 twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for 57 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.
  - 4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
  - 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized under this section, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. Each city or county shall notify the director of revenue prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or

86

87

88 89

9091

92

93

9495

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

## 85 any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

- **6.** Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven members, to be appointed as follows:
- (1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;
- (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within the area selected for an economic development project or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section, excluding representatives of the governing body of the city or county;
- (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in the city or county;
- (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city or county;
- 103 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body 104 of the county in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be 105 appointed by the governing body of the county. At the option of the members appointed by a city or county the members who are appointed by the school 106 107 boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a term to coincide 108 with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation of 109 an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the 110 definite terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school 111 districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the 112 length of time an economic development project, plan, or area is approved, such 113 term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan, or designation of 114 the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty days 115 116 of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic 117 development project, or designation of an economic development area, the 118 remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the 119 members first appointed by the city or county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to serve for a term of three 120

SB 46 64

126

127

128

129

130 131

132

133

134 135

136

140

141

142

143

149

150

151 152

153

154

155 156

121 years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members 122 appointed by the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that 123 124 all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the 125 original appointments.

- [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall develop economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area.
- 137 [7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of 138 the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the 139 progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section.
  - [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

144 Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for 145 economic development purposes? 146

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 147

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal 148shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

[9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has

172

173

174

175

176

177

178179

180

157 adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten 158 percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last 159 gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed 160 under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to 161 repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 162 voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective 163 [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] 164 as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes 165 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 166 repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under 167 this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the 168 qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the 169 tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 170 at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the 171 repeal.

- 11. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 181 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 182 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any incorporated city, town, or village.

2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body

in substantially the following form:

18

33

34

35

36 37

38

45 46

to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section shall not be imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 67.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been

repealed.
3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales
tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for economic
development purposes?

YES □ NO

23 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 24 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 25 the election was held] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 26 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 27 are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and 28 29 until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and 30 such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 31 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than 32 twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county or municipality, [less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.
  - 6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to

52

53

54

55

68

69

the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this section.

- 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities and counties.
- 56 8. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall 57 notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the 58 effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by 59 subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 60 61 after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 62 63 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the 64 65 account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount 66 67 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
  - 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project, except for the redevelopment of downtown areas and historic districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated shall be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.
- 75 (2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax 76 authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to 77 long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the 78 following:
- 79 (a) Acquisition of land;
- 80 (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 81 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 82 (d) Extension of streets;

83 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job 84 creation; and

- 85 (f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such 86 long-term projects.
- 87 (3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section 88 may be used for, but shall not be limited to, the following:
  - (a) Marketing;

89

- 90 (b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipment 91 acquisition, site development, and infrastructures;
- 92 (c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and 93 high skill jobs;
- 94 (d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic 95 development planning and preparation process;
- 96 (e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri 97 agricultural products.
- 11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
- 105 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section 106 shall establish an economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall 107 receive no compensation or operating budget.
- 108 (2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist
  109 of at least five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a
  110 five-member or nine-member board shall be designated in the order or ordinance
  111 imposing the sales tax authorized by this section, and the members are to be
  112 appointed as follows:
- 113 (a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a 114 nine-member board, shall be appointed by the school districts included within any 115 economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this 116 section. Such member or members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon 117 by the affected districts;
- (b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a

SB 46 69

139

140

141

119 nine-member board, shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with 120 the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city;

- 121 (c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member 122 board, shall be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city 123 is located.
- 124 (3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall 125 consist of seven members, to be appointed as follows:
- 126 (a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within 127 any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this 128 section. Such member shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the 129 affected districts;
- 130 (b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county; 131 and
- 132 (c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county 133 appointed in any manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or 134 villages.
- 135 Of the members initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, except that when a nine-member board is designated, seven of the 136 137 members initially appointed shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, 138 and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.
- 142 (4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already 143 in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members 144 added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding 145 with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were 146 originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members 147 148 appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be 149 filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional 150 appointments.
- 151 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or 152 county, shall consider economic development plans, economic development 153 projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public 154 hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176177

178

179

180181

182

183184

185186

155 proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or 156 designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 157 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within 158ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic 159 160 development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area. The governing body of the city or county shall have the final 161 162 determination on use and expenditure of any funds received from the tax imposed 163 under this section.

- 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the tax imposed under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the boundaries of the city or county imposing the tax if, and only if:
- (1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significant economic benefit from the plan, project or area designation; and
- (2) The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all cities and counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located detailing the authority and responsibilities of each governing body with regard to the plan, project or area designation.
- 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the economic development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within a special taxing district, including but not limited to a tax increment financing district, neighborhood improvement district, or community improvement district, shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues available to such districts, and no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body imposing the tax.
- 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the tax shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section and shall make such report available to the public.
- 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit to the joint committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page in length, which must include the following information for each project using the tax authorized under this section:

191	(1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;
192	(2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenues
193	received during the immediately preceding calendar year;
194	(3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar year
195	in each of the following categories:
196	(a) Infrastructure improvements;
197	(b) Land and/or buildings;
198	(c) Machinery and equipment;
199	(d) Job training investments;
200	(e) Direct business incentives;
201	(f) Marketing;
202	(g) Administration and legal expenses; and
203	(h) Other expenditures.
204	18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales
205	tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the
206	voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of
207	submission shall be in substantially the following form:
208	Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales
209	tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for
210	economic development purposes?
211	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
212	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that
213	repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
214	which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section
215	32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters
216	voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this
217	section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section
218	to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a
219	majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
220	19. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted
221	the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent
222	of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial
223	election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section,
224	the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a
225	majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon
226	are in favor of the reneal that reneal shall become effective Ion December

233

234

235

236

237

thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are declared severable.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, except sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats [or], outboard motors and sales to or by public utilities and providers of communications, cable, or video services], electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this 7 section may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent. Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any 10 district purpose designated by the district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters; except that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall 11 12become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the 13 qualified voters of the district, by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales 14 and use tax pursuant to this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the proposed sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the 15 resolution is adopted. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters are 16 opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void. 17

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18	2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:
19	Shall the (insert name of district) Community Improvement
20	District impose a community improvement districtwide sales and
21	use tax at the maximum rate of (insert amount) for a period
22	of (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is
23	first imposed for the purpose of providing revenue for (insert
24	general description of the purpose)?
25	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES".

If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- 3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, notify the director of the department of revenue. The sales and use tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice of the adoption of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.
- 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285.
- 7.] The penalties provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** shall apply to violations of this section.
- [8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall be deposited into a special trust fund and expended solely for such purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted pursuant to this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used

SB 46 74

66

67

69

70 71

75

15

17

20

21

62 solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the 63 qualified voters. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for 64 current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors pursuant to applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds. 65

- [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or services rendered for the district.
- 72 [10.] 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a 73 district sales and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with 74 the provisions of this section.
- 10. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 76 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.1712. 1. The governing body of any county located within the proposed metropolitan district is hereby authorized to impose by ordinance a one-tenth of one cent sales tax on all retail sales subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 3 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of a metropolitan park and recreation district.
- 6 2. In addition to the tax authorized in subsection 1 of this section, the governing body of any county located within the metropolitan district as of 8 January 1, 2012, is authorized to impose by ordinance an incremental sales tax 9 of up to three-sixteenths of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of funding the 10 operation and maintenance of the metropolitan park and recreation district. Such 11 12 incremental sales tax shall not be implemented unless approved by the voters of the county with the largest population within the district and at least one other 13 such county under subsection 2 of section 67.1715. 14
- 3. The taxes authorized by sections 67.1700 to 67.1769 shall be in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. The governing body of any county within 16 the metropolitan district enacting such an ordinance shall submit to the voters 18 of such county a proposal to approve its ordinance imposing or increasing the 19 tax. Such ordinance shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such ordinance approve such ordinance. The provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to any tax and increase in tax approved pursuant

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

17

1819

20

2122

22 to this section and sections 67.1715 to 67.1721.

4. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax not to exceed one-quarter of a cent in the county or city, or city not within a county, on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing services described in section 210.861, including counseling, family support, and temporary residential services to persons nineteen years of age or less. The question shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, primary or special election upon the motion of the governing body of the county or city, or city not within a county or 10 11 upon the petition of eight percent of the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, determined on the basis of the number of votes cast for 13 governor in such county at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. The election officials of the county or city, or city not within a 14 15 county, shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115. The question shall be 16 submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a community children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect the well-being and safety of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and to strengthen families, be authorized to levy a sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (not to exceed one-quarter of a cent) in the city or county?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

24 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 25 thereon are in favor of the question, then the ordinance or order and any SB 46 76

26

27

31 32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40

41 42

43 44

45 46

47 48

49

50

51

52

53

55

56

57 58

59

60

amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local sales tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a question receives less than the 28 required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not 29 30 within a county, shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, has submitted another question to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section.

- 2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, or city not within a county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the fund which was collected in each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within a county, and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding month by distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city not within a county, or such other officer as may be designated by a city or county

65

66 67

68

69

7071

73

74

7576

77

78

79 80

81 82

85

86

8788

89

90

ordinance or order, or ordinance or order of a city not within a county, of each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city not within a county, for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close the account of that city or county, or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the purposes set out herein and in section 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 144.014, sales of] new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors[, all utilities, telephone and wireless services, and sales of funeral services,] made on or after January 1, 2020, within the district which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Upon the written request of

- 8 the board to the election authority of the county in which a majority of the area
- 9 of the district is situated, such election authority shall submit a proposition to the
- 10 residents of such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general election,
- 11 or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give
- 12 legal notice as provided in chapter 115.
- 2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the following form at such election:
- Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a
- sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting
- tourism in the district?
- $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO
- 19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
- 20 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
- 21 opposite "NO".
- 22 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the
- 23 proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall
- 24 become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director
- 25 of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax] as provided in subsection 19
- 26 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, then
- 27 the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this
- 28 section unless and until the board shall again have submitted another proposal
- 29 to authorize the board to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such
- 30 proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the
- 31 district.
- 32 3. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and
- 2 Recreational Facility District Act".
- 3 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created
- 4 under this section in the following counties:
- 5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one
- 6 thousand three hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred
- 7 inhabitants;
- 8 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred
- 9 ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two
- 10 hundred inhabitants;

22

23

36

37

38

- 11 (3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five 12 thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;
- 13 (4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two 14 thousand six hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred 15 inhabitants;
- 16 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
- 19 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 20 government and with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than 21 eighteen thousand inhabitants;
  - (7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven thousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- 24 (8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 25 government and with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less 26 than twenty-three thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 27 (9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 28 government and with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than 29 nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;
- 30 (10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred 31 forty thousand three hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four 32 hundred inhabitants;
- 33 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 34 government and with more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than 35 nine thousand inhabitants;
  - (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than nineteen thousand inhabitants;
- 39 (13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 40 government and with more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand 41 one hundred inhabitants;
- 42 (14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of 43 government and with more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than 44 eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.
- 3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center

SB 46 80

56

57

61

62

67

77

47 and recreational facility district, the property owners shall file a petition with the 48 governing body of each county located within the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may 49 include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall 50 contain the following information: 51

- 52 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real property owned by the petitioner; 53
- 54 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map illustrating the boundaries; and 55
  - (3) The name of the proposed district.
- 4. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the 59 creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted 60 by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:
  - (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 63 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment of the proposed district; 64
- 65 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; and 66
  - (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.
- 68 5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing 69 body of each county located within the proposed district shall:
- 70 (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one 71 newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the 72hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less 73 than ten days before the hearing; 74
- 75 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment of the proposed district; and 76
  - (3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.
- 78 6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located 79 within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall 80 adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries 81 of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the

83 following: 84 (1)

87

108109

110

111

112

113114

115

116

117

118

- (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;
- 85 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district 86 has been established;
  - (3) The name of the district;
- 88 (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant 89 to this section; and
- 90 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 91 7. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, 92 primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 93 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 94 taxation [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, to fund 95 the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and 96 97 promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of 98 submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth
of one percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance,
operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and
recreational facilities, for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of
years)?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county [that is part of the proposed district on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the election] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a county that is a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that portion of such county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the county governing body has submitted another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section

sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to become one district.

- 123 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district 124 created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section 125 consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as 126 provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the 127 district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging 128 business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall 129 130 be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and 131 all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may 132 133 reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, 134 135 two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four 136 years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed 137 to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is 138 139 appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee 140 141 vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive 142 compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and 143 necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if: 144
- 145 (1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and 146 submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee 147 was appointed; and
- 148 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was 149 appointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.
- 9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and privileges:
  - (1) To have and use a corporate seal;

152

- 153 (2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;
- 154 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172173

174

175176

177

178

179

180

181182

183

184

185

155 or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts 156 with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their 157 agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, 158 159 development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single 160 exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public 161 162 use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or 163 athletic activities;

- (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;
- 186 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber 187 real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;
- 188 (6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without 189 an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be 190 substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide

194

195

196

197198

201

202

203

204

205

206207

208209

210211

212

213

214

215

216

217

218

219220

221222

223

224

225

226

for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;

- (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;
  - (8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 199 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 200 property;
  - (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and
  - (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.
  - 10. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds pursuant to Section 15, Article IV, Constitution of Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to

227 the credit of the district.

- 11. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- **12.** Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 240 [and] **to** 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - [12.] 13. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of district) extend the sales tax of one-fourth of one percent for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of years) years to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities?

 $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

[13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used

263

264

265266

267

268269

270

271

272

273 274

275

276277

278

279

280

281282

283

284285

286

287

288289

290

291292

293294

295

296

297

298

solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

[14.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district,

whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven 2hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three 5 thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation [pursuant to sections 7 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other 10 sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the 11 12 city submits to the qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, 13 primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the 14 city to impose a tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of

\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city?

19  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following notification to the director of the department of revenue of the election approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city has submitted another proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be

34 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 35 proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, the city may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:
- 39 (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of 40 such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration 41 of city taxes; or
  - (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection.
  - 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
  - [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax pursuant to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the

70 following form:

71 Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_

72 (insert rate of percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect

73 in \_\_\_\_\_ (insert name of city)?

 $\Box$  YES  $\Box$  NO

75 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite

76 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

77 opposite "NO".

78 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal

79 shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which

80 such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

81 If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify

the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the

83 repeal.

82

84

85

8687

88 89

- (2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- 90 (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this 91 section shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least forty-five days 92 before prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be 93 effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury 94 associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount 95 collected after receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax 96 97 and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 98 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax 99 in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each 100 101 city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts 102 due the city.
- 103 (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section 104 dissolves or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall 105 appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or

 $^{2}$ 

17

18

1920

106 terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and 107 subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give 108 bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of 109 duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the 110 district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall 111 pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take receipt for all 112 remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver 113 to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and 114 115deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

- 116 [6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 117 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - 67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the following qualifications:
  - 3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident
    4 registered voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property
    5 owner or, as to those subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are
    6 residents, a property owner or representative of a property owner in the
    7 subdistrict he or she represents;
  - 8 (2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the 9 district.
- 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed by the mayor or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.
  - 3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.
- 4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town,

SB 46 91

26

31

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40 41

42

43

44 45

46 47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56 57

58

59

60

25 or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in 27 the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day 2829 of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property within the subdistrict at a day and hour specified in a public place in 30 the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing 32 members of the board of directors.

- 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a temporary chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible property owners voting in that subdistrict. At the election, each acre of real property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for every acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership, bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is established by a municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a circuit court.
- 6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.
- 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.

81

82

83

8485

86

87

88

8990

91

- 8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers, including:
- (1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical, cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements, transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;
- 68 (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the 69 district; and
- 70 (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.
- 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a chairman from its members.
- 74 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, 75 treasurer, and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.
- 76 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.
- 78 12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum 79 exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of 80 the board, and approve any board resolution.
  - 13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by section 32.087.
  - 14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.
- 92 15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, 93 the district shall have the following general powers:
- 94 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, 95 which shall be served upon the district secretary;
- 96 (2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;

107108

118

- 97 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a district facility or to assist in such activity;
- 104 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, 105 mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district 106 purposes;
  - (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;
  - (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;
- 109 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by 110 certificates, notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the 111 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of land, construction, development, 112 or equipping of any facilities or operations of the district;
- 113 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with 114 the exercise of powers pursuant to this subsection;
- 115 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a 116 chairman, treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents 117 of the district, and one officer may hold more than one office;
  - (10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 119 (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, 120 agencies, or performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking 121 of entertainment and the sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to 122 the purposes of the district;
- 123 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or 124 individual regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, 125 improving, maintaining, or operating a project or to assist in such activity;
- 126 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district 127 facilities and improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth 128 by contract;
- 129 (14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district 130 to accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.
- 131 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other 132 obligations for any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other

133 obligations:

12

- 134 (1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district,
- 135 including costs of issuance thereof;
- 136 (2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other 137 assets of the district;
- 138 (3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, 139 assigned, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;
- 140 (4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the 141 district, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, 142 but not in excess of forty years, as the resolution shall specify;
- 143 (5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may provide; and
- 148 (6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and 149 at such price or prices as the district shall determine.
- The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the district notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170.
- 67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount as the district may deem necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding may be effected whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the obligations being refunded with the
- 2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations

consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded.

18 of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than 19 the district.

- 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Upon voter approval, and receiving the necessary certifications from the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or from the circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors shall have the power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting thereafter. Voter approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those subdistricts that approve the sales tax on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the passage of a resolution by the board of directors imposing the sales tax.
- 4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285.
- 6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.
- [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all [tangible personal property or taxable services] sales at retail within the district adopting such tax, if such

property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Any district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.

- [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.
- 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the district.

71 (2)]

- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.
- [(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such

93

94

95

96 97

98 99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

90 revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or 91 debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract 92 between the municipality and the district.

- 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 112 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 113 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations 114 of this section.
- 115 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 116 117 business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common 118 119 carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has 120 more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the 121 sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer 122 where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though 123 the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, 124 shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be 125 consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.

126	(7)] 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and
127	implementation of a sales tax in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be
128	increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of one percent on retail sales $\mathbf{made}$
129	in the district which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 as
130	provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in accordance with
131	section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place
132	the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by
133	resolution, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally
134	conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which
135	originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the
136	subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges shall certify the
137	election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall
138	be in substantially the following form:
139	Shall (name of district) increase the (insert amount)
140	percent district sales tax now in effect to (insert amount) in
141	the (name of district)?
142	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
143	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
144	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
145	opposite "NO".
146	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the
147	district voting thereon are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become
148	effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such increase was
149	approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.
150	[11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section
151	while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.
152	(2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third
153	of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election,
154	or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an
155	election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters
156	using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot of
157	submission shall be in substantially the following form:
158	Shall (name of district) dissolve and repeal the
159	(insert amount) percent district sales tax now in effect in the
160	(name of district)?
161	$\Box$ VES $\Box$ NO

173

174

175

176

177178

179

180181

182

183

184

185186

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
opposite "NO".

165 Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in 166 accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters 167 168 of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which 169 originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the 170 court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct 171 the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify 172 the election results to the district board of directors.

- (3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's indebtedness, whichever occurs later] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.
- [12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be abolished?

189  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO

190 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
191 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
192 opposite "NO".

193 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district 194 while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the 195 district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the 196 district is outstanding, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under 197 the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to

206

207

198 abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit 199 the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the 200 district may be abolished pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in 201202 which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same as in section 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of 203 the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such 204 205 time as the district is abolished.

- (3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues to which it is entitled at law.
- 208 (4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification 209 by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of 210 those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the 211 state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that 212 it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors of the district 213 shall:
- 214 (a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and 215 then transfer the proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the 216 district to the city, town, or village in which the district is located, including 217 revenues due and owing the district, for its further use and disposition;
- 218 (b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and 219 otherwise conclude its affairs;
- 220 (c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board 221 of directors passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished 222 effective that date:
- 223 (d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the 224 secretary of state and the city, town, or village in which the district is located.
- 225 Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the legal 226 existence of the district shall cease.
- 227 (5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two 228 years after voter approval of the abolition.
- 229 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the 2 governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one 3 thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred

inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the city's center city. The governing 10 body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital improvements, which will 11 be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this 12 13 section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing 14 body of the city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or 15 municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the 16 governing body of the city to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 17 18 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 19 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in 20 substantially the following form:

Shall \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the name of the city) impose a sales tax at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert rate of percent) percent for [a] capital improvements purposes in the city's center city for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number of years, not to exceed three) years?

DYES DNO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 26 27 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 28 notice of the adoption of the sales tax as provided by subsection 19 of 29 30 section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become 31 32 effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified 33 voters voting on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the 34 35 qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months from the date of the 36 proposal under this section.

3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 to 32.087. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust

37

38 39 SB 46 102

fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, 40 all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not 42 needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other 43 funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall 44

be credited to the fund. 45

46

47

48 49

50

51 52

53

54

55 56

57

58

59 60

61

62

63

68 69

71

74

75

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days before] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded.
- 5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

64	Shall (insert the name of the c	city) repeal the sales tax
65	imposed at a rate of (insert rat	e of percent) percent for
66	capital improvements purposes in the ci	ty's center city?
67	$\square$ YES	$\square$ NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 70 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 72thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 73qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or

78

79

80

81 82

83

84

85

86

88

89

90

76 county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the 77 effective date of the repeal.

- 6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.
- 94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on [the receipts from the sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail] sales within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.
- 9 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved by ordinance of the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with 10 more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one 11 county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 12 13 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall 14 not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 15 or subsection 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed 16 in such city under sections 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a 18 light-rail transit system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from 19

7

10

11

such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

- 22 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed 23 shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to 24 the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The 25ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a 26 27map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached 28 therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 29 94.600 to 94.655 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the 30 detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary] 31 Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the governing body.
  - 2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on [the receipts from the sale at] all retail [of all tangible personal property or taxable services] sales within the city or county adopting the tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144.
- 12 3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 13 following language:

14	Shall the county/city of (	county's or city's name) impose a
15	county/city-wide sales tax of _	percent for the purpose of
16	providing a source of funds for p	public transportation purposes?
17	$\square$ YES	□ NO

Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on the first day of the next calendar quarter beginning after its adoption and notice to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days after such adoption and notice as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39 40

59

votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in that county or city not within a county unless and until the governing body of that county or city not within a county shall have submitted another proposal to authorize the local option transportation sales tax authorized in this section, and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on it. In no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal.

- 4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.
- 5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.
- 6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 41 42 on behalf of any city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 43 44 surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax 45 Trust Fund". [The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 46 47 32.087. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and 48 shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 49 collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under this section, and the 50 records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 51 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 52distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 53 the city or county which levied the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with 54 the treasurer of each such city or county and all expenditures of funds arising 55 from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation 57 act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 58 county.
  - 7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this

63

64

65

6667

68

69

70

71

72

7374

7576

7778

79

60 section shall be used only for the planning, development, acquisition, 61 construction, maintenance and operation of public transit facilities and systems 62 other than highways.

8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal] and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

## 9. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city which are subject to sales 3 tax under chapter 144 for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for transportation purposes which shall be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall become effective unless the council or other 8 governing body submits to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, 9 10 primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to be used to retire 11 12 bonds authorized pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their 13 retirement by such tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that imposed and collected such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 15 5, 1984. The ballot of the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language: 16

17	(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax
18	authorized by this section, the following language:
19	Shall the city of (city's name) impose a sales tax of
20	(insert amount) for transportation purposes?
21	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
22	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
23	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
24	opposite "NO";
25	(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and
26	repay such bonds with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the
27	following language:
28	Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of
29	(insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose a
30	sales tax of (insert amount) to repay such bonds?
31	$\square$ YES $\square$ NO
32	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite
33	"YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
34	opposite "NO".
35	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this
36	subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal,
37	then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided
38	by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the four-sevenths majority of the votes,
39	as required by the Missouri Constitution, Article VI, Section 26, cast on the
40	proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose
41	a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in
42	favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be
43	in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the
44	votes cast on the proposal, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the
45	qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the council or
46	other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized
47	in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other
48	governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or
49	other governing body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved
50	by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths
51	of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the
52	proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and

60

6162

65

71

72

73

75

76 77

78

79

8384

impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body of the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to issue such bonds or impose the tax to retire such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144**.
  - 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.
- 5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring bonds issued pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds have been retired.
  - 5. Except as modified by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
  - 94.900. 1. (1) The governing body of the following cities may impose a tax as provided in this section:
  - 3 (a) Any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand eight 4 hundred but less than ten thousand nine hundred inhabitants located at least

5 partly within a county of the first classification with more than one hundred

- 6 eighty-four thousand but less than one hundred eighty-eight thousand
- 7 inhabitants;

16

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 8 (b) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand five
- 9 hundred but fewer than five thousand inhabitants;
- 10 (c) Any city of the fourth classification with more than eight thousand 11 nine hundred but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants;
- 12 (d) Any home rule city with more than forty-eight thousand but fewer 13 than forty-nine thousand inhabitants;
- 14 (e) Any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer 15 than seventy-five thousand inhabitants;
  - (f) Any city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand inhabitants;
- 18 (g) Any city of the fourth classification with more than seven thousand but 19 fewer than eight thousand inhabitants;
  - (h) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants; or
  - (i) Any city of the third classification with more than thirteen thousand but fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than thirty-three thousand but fewer than thirty-seven thousand inhabitants.
- 28 (2) The governing body of any city listed in subdivision (1) of this 29 subsection is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city 30 which are subject to taxation under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 31 144.525] chapter 144 for the purpose of improving the public safety for such 32 city, including but not limited to expenditures on equipment, city employee 33 salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, fire and emergency medical 34 providers. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 35 other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a 36 37 sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the 38 governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city, at a county or state 39 general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body 40 of the city to impose a tax.

51

61

62

64

65 66

67

68

69

70

7172

73

41 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 42 authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be 43 limited to, the following language: Shall the city of \_\_\_\_\_ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of 44 (insert amount) for the purpose of improving the public 45 safety of the city? 46  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 47 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 48 49 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 50 opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 52 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 54notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives less than the 55 required majority, then the governing body of the city shall have no power to 56 impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 57city shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body 58 of the city to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal 59 is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 60 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 63 proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a city from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for improving the public safety for such city for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for improving the public safety for the city. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- 745. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this section on behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection 75 76 which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of

77 premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a 78 special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be 79 state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The 80 provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund 81 82 shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director of the department of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 83 of money in the trust and which was collected in each city imposing a sales tax 84 pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers 85 86 of the city and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the 87 director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 88 trust fund during the preceding month to the city which levied the tax; such 89 funds shall be deposited with the city treasurer of each such city, and all 90 expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act 91 to be enacted by the governing body of each such city. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by 92 93 the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

- 94 6. The director of the department of revenue may make refunds from the 95 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 96 97 the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the 98 director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to 99 the effective date of the repeal and the director of the department of revenue may 100 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 101 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 102 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 103 abolition of the tax in such city, the director of the department of revenue shall 104 remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that 105 106 city. The director of the department of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 107 108 city.
- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - 143.011. 1. A tax is hereby imposed for every taxable year on the Missouri taxable income of every resident. The tax shall be determined by

3 applying the tax table or the rate provided in section 143.021, which is based

4 upon the following rates:

1617

18

19

20

21

22

27

28

35

36

37

38

5 If the Missouri taxable income is: The tax is:

6 Not over \$1,000.00 1 1/2% of the Missouri taxable income

7 Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000 \$15 plus 2% of excess over \$1,000

8 Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000 \$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess over \$2,000

9 Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000 \$60 plus 3% of excess over \$3,000

10 Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000 \$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess over \$4,000

11 Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000 \$125 plus 4% of excess over \$5,000

12 Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000 \$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess over \$6,000

13 Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000 \$210 plus 5% of excess over \$7,000

14 Over \$8,000 but not over \$9,000 \$260 plus 5 1/2% of excess over \$8,000

15 Over \$9,000 \$315 plus 6% of excess over \$9,000

- 2. (1) Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this section may be reduced over a period of years. Each reduction in the top rate of tax shall be by one-tenth of a percent and no more than one reduction shall occur in a calendar year. No more than five reductions shall be made under this subsection. Reductions in the rate of tax shall take effect on January first of a calendar year and such reduced rates shall continue in effect until the next reduction occurs.
- 23 (2) A reduction in the rate of tax shall only occur if the amount of net 24 general revenue collected in the previous fiscal year exceeds the highest amount 25 of net general revenue collected in any of the three fiscal years prior to such fiscal 26 year by at least one hundred fifty million dollars.
  - (3) Any modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only apply to tax years that begin on or after a modification takes effect.
- 29 (4) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax 30 tables under subsection 1 of this section to effectuate the provisions of this 31 subsection. The bracket for income subject to the top rate of tax shall be 32 eliminated once the top rate of tax has been reduced to five and one-half percent, 33 and the top remaining rate of tax shall apply to all income in excess of the income 34 in the second highest remaining income bracket.
  - 3. (1) In addition to the rate reductions under subsection 2 of this section, beginning with the 2019 calendar year, the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this section shall be reduced by four-tenths of one percent. Such reduction in the rate of tax shall take effect on January first of the 2019 calendar year.

52

53

54

- 39 (2) The modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only apply to 40 tax years that begin on or after the date the modification takes effect.
- 41 (3) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax 42 tables under subsection 1 of this section to effectuate the provisions of this 43 subsection.
- 4. (1) In addition to the rate reductions under subsections 2 and 3 of this section, beginning with the 2020 calendar year, the top rate of 46 tax under subsection 1 of this section shall be reduced by three-tenths 47 of one percent. Such reduction in the rate of tax shall take effect on 48 January first of the 2020 calendar year.
- 49 (2) The modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only 50 apply to tax years that begin on or after the date the modification takes 51 effect.
  - (3) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax tables under subsection 1 of this section to effectuate the provisions of this subsection.
- 55 5. Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the brackets of Missouri taxable income identified in subsection 1 of this section shall be adjusted annually by the percent increase in inflation. The director shall publish such brackets annually beginning on or after October 1, 2016. Modifications to the brackets shall take effect on January first of each calendar year and shall apply to tax years beginning on or after the effective date of the new brackets.
  - [5.] **6.** As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 62 (1) "CPI", the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the 63 United States as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, or its successor 64 index;
- 65 (2) "CPI for the preceding calendar year", the average of the CPI as of the 66 close of the twelve month period ending on August thirty-first of such calendar 67 year;
- (3) "Net general revenue collected", all revenue deposited into the general revenue fund, less refunds and revenues originally deposited into the general revenue fund but designated by law for a specific distribution or transfer to another state fund;
- 72 (4) "Percent increase in inflation", the percentage, if any, by which the 73 CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds the CPI for the year beginning 74 September 1, 2014, and ending August 31, 2015.

143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income subject to the modifications in this section.

- 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income:
- 5 (1) The amount of any federal income tax refund received for a prior year 6 which resulted in a Missouri income tax benefit;
  - (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations excluded from federal gross income by Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code. The previous sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the amounts applicable to such interest that would have been deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer except only for the application of Section 265 of the Internal Revenue Code. The reduction shall only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars;
  - (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the extent the amount deducted relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would have been deductible pursuant to Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1, 2002;
  - (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal taxable income for net operating loss allowed by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction allowed by Section 172(b)(1)(G) and Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the tax year in which the net operating loss occurred or carries forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries backward for more than two years. Any amount of net operating loss taken against federal taxable income but disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and taken against any income on the Missouri income tax return for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of the initial loss; and
  - (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any property taxes paid to another state or a political subdivision of another state for which a deduction was allowed on such

42

43

44

58

59

60 61

62

63 64

66

67 68

69

70

7172

nonresident's federal return in the taxable year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia allows a subtraction from income for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of calculating income for the income tax for such state, political subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia.

- 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the following amounts to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income:
- 45 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal reserve bank or 46 interest or dividends on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United 47 48 States to the extent exempt from Missouri income taxes pursuant to the laws of 49 the United States. The amount subtracted pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the described 50 51 obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this subdivision. The reduction in the 52 53 previous sentence shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including amortizable bond premiums are deducted in determining the taxpayer's federal 54 55 adjusted gross income or included in the taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall only be made if the expenses total at least five 56 57 hundred dollars;
  - (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of such portion of the gain;
  - (3) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;
  - (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are included in federal adjusted gross income;
    - (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a prior year which was

73 included in the federal adjusted gross income;

- 74 (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section 135.357 that would 75 otherwise be included in federal adjusted gross income;
- (7) The amount that would have been deducted in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount actually deducted pursuant to Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002;
- 83 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, the amount of any income received for military service while the taxpayer serves in a combat 85 zone which is included in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any area which 86 87 the President of the United States by Executive Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the United States are or have engaged in combat. Service 88 89 is performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the date designated by the President by Executive Order as the date of the commencing of combat 90 91 activities in such zone, and on or before the date designated by the President by Executive Order as the date of the termination of combatant activities in such 9293 zone;
  - (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002, with respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for which an additional modification was made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which additional modification made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section on qualified property has not been recovered through the additional subtractions provided in subdivision (7) of this subsection; and
- 101 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the amount 102 of any income received as payment from any program which provides 103 compensation to agricultural producers who have suffered a loss as the result of 104 a disaster or emergency, including the:
  - (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 106 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;

94

95

9697

98

99

100

105

107 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised 108 Fish;

- (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
- (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;
- 111 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127128

129

130

131

132

133134

- 113 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan; and
- (i) Livestock Gross Margin insurance plan.
- 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in section 143.351.
- 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications provided in section 143.411.
  - 6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain recognized pursuant to Section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result of condemnation or the imminence thereof.
  - 7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.
  - (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health insurance premiums paid.
- 136 8. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the subtractions provided 137 in this section, one hundred percent of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home 138 energy audit conducted by an entity certified by the department of natural resources under section 640.153 or the implementation of any energy efficiency 139 140 recommendations made in such an audit shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's 141 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for any such activity 142 is included in federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the department 143 of revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home 144 energy audit, the name and certification number of the qualified home energy

153

154

155

156

157

158

3

14

145 auditor who conducted the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities 146 under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The taxpayer shall also 147 provide a copy of the summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the department of natural resources. 148

- 149 (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing combined returns exceed one thousand 150 dollars per year for individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand 151 152 dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.
  - (3) Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. If implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- 159 (4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise eligible activity 160 under this subsection if such activity qualified for and received any rebate or 161 other incentive through a state-sponsored energy program or through an electric 162 corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative, or municipally owned utility.
- 163 9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section shall expire on December 31, 2020. 164
  - 144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when the context indicates a different meaning:
  - 4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for 5 admission, exclusive of any admission tax imposed by the federal government or by sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- 8 (2) "Advertising and promotional direct mail", printed material that meets the definition of direct mail, the primary purpose of which 10 is to attract public attention to a product, person, business, or organization, or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure financial 11 12 support for a product, person, business, or organization. As used in this subdivision, the word "product" means tangible personal property, 13 a product transferred electronically or a service;
- 15 (3) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as 16 amended from time to time;

- 17 (4) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as 18 that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are 19 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for 20 hire to subscribers in aircraft;
- 21 (5) "Alcoholic beverages", beverages that are suitable for human 22 consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by 23 volume;
- (6) "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or incidental to the provisions of telecommunications services, including but not limited to, detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services. Ancillary services shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
- 30 (7) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash 31 compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air 32 conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators, and freezers;
- 33 (8) "Bottled water", water that is placed in a safety sealed 34 container or package for human consumption. Bottled water is calorie 35 free and does not contain sweeteners or other additives except that it 36 may contain:
  - (a) Antimicrobial agents;
- 38 **(b)** Fluoride;

37

- 39 (c) Carbonation;
- 40 (d) Vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes;
- 41 (e) Oxygen;
- 42 (f) Preservatives; and
- 43 (g) Only those flavors, extracts, or essences derived from a spice 44 or fruit.
- 45 Bottled water includes water that is delivered to the buyer in a 46 reusable container that is not sold with the water;
  - (9) "Bundled transaction":
- (a) The retail sale of two or more products, except real property and services to real property, where the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and the products are sold for one nonitemized price.
- A bundled transaction shall not include the sale of any products in
- which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by
- 53 the purchaser of the products included in the transaction;

60

61 62

63 64

65

66

67

70

7172

74 75

76

77

78

79

81 82

83

- (b) As used in this subdivision, the term "distinct and identifiable 54 products" shall not include: 55
- 56 a. Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, 57 or other materials, such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the products and are 58 incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof; 59
  - b. A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales price of the product purchased does not vary depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of charge;
    - c. Items included in the definition of the term sales price;
  - (c) As used in this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" shall not include a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form, including but not limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list;
  - (d) a. A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction as defined in this subdivision shall not constitute a bundled transaction if it is:
  - (i) A retail sale of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service; or
- (ii) A retail sale of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service and the first 80 service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or
  - (iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the purchase price or sales price of the taxable products is de minimis.
- 86 b. "De minimis" means the seller's purchase price or sales price 87 of the taxable product is ten percent or less of the total purchase price 88 or sales price of the bundled products.
- 89 c. Sellers shall use either the purchase price or the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de 90

98

99

100101

102

103104

105106

124

125

126

91 minimis. Sellers shall not use a combination of the purchase price and 92 sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de 93 minimis.

- 94 d. (i) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to 95 determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or
- 96 (ii) A retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and 97 taxable tangible personal property where:
  - i. The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or medical supplies; and
  - ii. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property is fifty percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers shall not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the tangible personal property when making the fifty percent determination for a transaction;
- 107 (10) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused 108 to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such character as 109 110 to be subject to the terms of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. A person 111 is "engaging in business" in this state for purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 if such person engages in business activities within this 112 state or maintains a place of business in this state under section [144.605] 113 **144.612**. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property, service, 114 115 substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, does not constitute 116 engaging in business within the meaning of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such sales, 117 118 exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a 119 120 household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any 121 calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make 122 any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, 123 subject to that tax thereafter;
  - (11) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first;

- 127 (12) "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for 128 telecommunications services where the price is measured by individual 129 calls;
- 130 (13) "Candy", a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or 131 artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or 132 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 133 pieces. Candy shall not include any preparation containing flour and 134 shall require no refrigeration;
- [(3)] (14) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales tax on a harvested animal;
- 141 (15) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified 142 under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax 143 imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount 144 of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the 145 transaction;
- 146 (16) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified 147 under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the 148 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to 149 remit tax on its own purchases;
- 150 (17) "Clothing":
- (a) All human wearing apparel suitable for general use;
- 152 (b) Clothing shall include:
- a. Aprons, household and shop;
- b. Athletic supporters;
- c. Baby receiving blankets;
- d. Bathing suits and caps;
- e. Beach capes and coats;
- 158 f. Belts and suspenders;
- 159 **g. Boots:**
- 160 h. Coats and jackets;
- i. Costumes;
- j. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
- 163 k. Ear muffs:

- SB 46 123 164 l. Footlets: m. Formal wear; 165 166 n. Garters and garter belts; 167 o. Girdles: 168 p. Gloves and mittens for general use; q. Hats and caps; 169 170 r. Hosiery; s. Insoles for shoes: 171 172t. Lab coats: 173 u. Neckties: v. Overshoes; 174 w. Pantyhose; 175 176 x. Rainwear; y. Rubber pants; 177 z. Sandals: 178 179 aa. Scarves: bb. Shoes and shoe laces: 180 181 cc. Slippers; 182 dd. Sneakers; 183 ee. Socks and stockings: ff. Steel toed shoes; 184 185 gg. Underwear; 186 hh. Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and 187 ii. Wedding apparel; 188 (c) Clothing shall not include: 189 a. Belt buckles sold separately; 190 b. Costume masks sold separately; 191 c. Patches and emblems sold separately; d. Sewing equipment and supplies, including but not limited to, 192 193 knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing 194 needles, tape measures, and thimbles; and
- 197 (18) "Clothing accessories and equipment", incidental items worn 198 on the person or in conjunction with clothing. Clothing accessories or 199 equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, sport or recreational

not limited to buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;

e. Sewing materials that become part of clothing, including but

200 equipment, and protective equipment;

195

214

215

217

218

229

- 201 (19) "Coin-operated telephone service", a telecommunications 202 service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting direct 203 deposits of money to operate;
- 204 (20) "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of 205 communications over which signals are transmitted between or among 206 customer channel termination points;
- 207 (21) "Computer", an electronic device that accepts information in 208 digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a 209 sequence of instructions;
- (22) "Computer software", a set of coded instructions designed to cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to perform a task. Computer software shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
  - (23) "Conference bridging service", an ancillary service that links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference bridging service does not include the telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge;
- 219 (24) "Customer", the person or entity that contracts with the 220 seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of 221 telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the end user 222 of the telecommunications service is the customer of the telecommunication service, but this definition only applies for the 223 224 purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under section 225144.114. Customer shall not include a reseller of telecommunications 226 service or for mobile telecommunications service of a serving carrier 227 under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service 228 provider's licensed service area;
  - (25) "Customer channel termination point", the location where the customer either inputs or receives the communication;
- 231 (26) "Delivered electronically", delivered to the purchaser by 232 means other than tangible storage media;
- 233 (27) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal 234 property or services for preparation and delivery to a location 235 designated by the purchaser of personal property or services, including 236 but not limited to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, 237 and packing;

238 (28) "Detailed telecommunications billing service", an ancillary 239 service of separately stating information pertaining to individual calls 240 on a customer's billing statement;

- 241 (29) "Dietary supplement", any product, other than tobacco, 242 intended to supplement the diet that contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other 243 botanical; an amino acid; a dietary substance for use by humans to 244245 supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or a 246 concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described above; and that is intended for ingestion in tablet, 247 capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for 248249 ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and 250 is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and 251 that is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by 252 the supplemental facts box found on the label and as required under 21 253 CFR Section 101.36;
- 254 (30) "Digital audio works", works that result from the fixation of 255 a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones;
  - (31) "Digital audio-visual works", a series of related images which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any;
  - (32) "Digital books", works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and usual sense as books;
- 261 (33) "Direct mail", printed material delivered or distributed by 262 United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to 263 addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the 264 direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed 265 directly to the recipients. Direct mail shall include tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct 266 267 mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. Direct mail shall not include multiple items of printed 268 269 material delivered to a single address;
- 270 (34) "Directory assistance", an ancillary service of providing 271 telephone number information, and/or address information;
- 272 **(35)** "Drug":

256

257

258

259

260

273 (a) A compound, substance, or preparation, and any component 274 of a compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food

275 ingredients, dietary supplements, alcoholic beverages, or grooming and

- 276 hygiene products:
- a. Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,
- 278 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official
- 279 National Formulary, and supplement to any of them;
- b. Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,
- 281 or prevention of disease; or
- c. Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body;
- 283 (b) Drug shall include insulin and medical oxygen;
- 284 (36) "Durable medical equipment", equipment including repair
- 285 and replacement parts for same, excluding mobility enhancing
- 286 equipment. Durable medical equipment:
- 287 (a) Can withstand repeated use;
- 288 (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
- (c) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness
- 290 or injury;
- 291 (d) Is not worn in or on the body;
- 292 (e) Is for home use;
- 293 (f) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO
- 294 HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;
- 295 (g) Shall not include:
- a. Kidney dialysis equipment not worn in or on the body,
- 297 including repair and replacement parts; and
- b. Enteral feeding systems not worn in or on the body, including
- 299 repair and replacement parts.
- 300 As used in this subdivision, repair and replacement parts shall include
- 301 all components or attachments used in conjunction with the durable
- 302 medical equipment;
- 303 (37) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital,
- 304 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;
- 305 (38) "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication
- 306 service. In case of an entity, "end user" means the individual who
- 307 utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;
- 308 (39) "Energy star qualified product", a product that meets the
- 309 energy efficient guidelines set by the United States Environmental
- 310 Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy that are
- 311 authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered products are those

335

336

- 312 listed at www.energystar.gov or successor address;
- 313 (40) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:
- 314 (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating 315 under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee 316 is required to collect sales tax under chapter 144;
- 317 (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling 318 representatives;
- 319 (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within 320 this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its 321 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a similar business name;
- b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or 325 storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the 326 delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's 327 customers;
- 328 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services 329 for the vendor's customers within the state;
- d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or
  - e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
- (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor

349 to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all 350 residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess 351 of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;

- (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;
- (41) "Food and food ingredients", substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. Food and food ingredients shall not include alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements;
- (42) "Food sold through vending machines", food, food ingredients, prepared food, bottled water, candy, and soft drinks dispensed from a machine or other mechanical device that accepts payment;
- (43) "Grooming and hygiene products", soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and suntan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet the definition of over-the-counter-drugs;
  - [(4)] (44) "Gross receipts"[,] or "sales price":
- (a) Except as provided in section 144.012, [means the total amount of the sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term gross receipts shall not include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount

386 received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right 387 to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is 388 granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable 389 390 as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax 391 shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid. The term gross 392 receipts shall not include usual and customary delivery charges that are stated 393 separately from the sale price applies to the measure subject to sales tax and means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, 394 property, and services, for which personal property or services are 395 sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money or 396 397 otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

- a. The seller's cost of the property sold;
- b. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller;
- 402 c. Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete 403 the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;
- d. Delivery charges;

- 405 e. Installation charges; and
- 406 f. Credit for any trade-in;
- 407 (b) Shall not include:
- a. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale;
- b. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given to the purchaser; and
- c. Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given to the purchaser;
- 418 (c) Shall include consideration received by the seller from third 419 parties if:
- a. The seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;

428

435

437

438

- 423 b. The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the purchaser; 424
- 425 c. The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item 426 427 to the purchaser; and
  - d. One of the following criteria is met:
- 429 (i) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate or other 430 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate or documentation is authorized, 431 distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that 432433 the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, certificate or documentation is presented; 434
- (ii) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or 436 discount (a preferred customer card that is available to any patron does not constitute membership in such a group); or
- 439 (iii) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser 440 or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation presented by the 441 442 purchaser;
- (45) "Home service provider", the same as such term is defined 443 444 in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile Telecommunications 445 Sourcing Act;
- 446 [(5)] (46) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson, or instruction 447 intended or used for teaching;
- 448 (47) "Lease or rental":
- 449 (a) Any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease 450 or rental may include future options to purchase or extend; 451
  - (b) Lease or rental shall not include:
- 453 a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer 454 of title upon completion of the required payments; 455
- 456 b. A transfer of possession or control of property under an 457 agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and where any payment of an option price does not 458 exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total 459

460 required payments;

466

467

468

469 470

471

472

473

474 475

476

477478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

487

488

489

490

- 461 c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator 462for a fixed or indeterminate period of time provided that the operator 463 is necessary for the equipment to perform as designed and the operator 464 does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal 465property;
  - (c) Lease or rental includes agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 7701(h)(1), as amended;
  - (48) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for recreational flying or flight training;
  - (49) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and educational purposes;
  - (50) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified light aircraft purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;
- [(6)] (51) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as described in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, bison, elk documented as obtained from a legal 486 source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, honey bees, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;
  - (52) "Load and leave", delivery to the purchaser by use of a tangible storage media where the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser;
- 491 (53) "Maintains a place of business in this state", includes 492 maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly 493 or indirectly, or through a subsidiary, or agent, by whatever name 494 called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business; 495
  - (54) "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as such term

504

517

518

519 520

521

522

523524

525

527

497 defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile **Telecommunications Sourcing Act**; 498

- 499 (55) "Mobility enhancing equipment", equipment, including repair and replacement parts to same, which: 500
- 501 (a) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the 502 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle; and 503
  - (b) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
- 505 (c) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement. 506
- 507 Mobility enhancement equipment shall not include durable medical equipment or any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle 508 509 normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer;
- 510 (56) "Model 1 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that 511 has selected a certified service provider as its agent to perform all the 512 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to 513 remit tax on its own purchases;
- 514 (57) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a certified automated system (CAS) to perform part of its sales and use tax 515 516 functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax;
  - (58) "Model 3 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As used in this subdivision, a seller shall include an affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system;
- (59) "Model 4 seller", a seller that is registered under the 526 agreement and is not a model 1 seller, a model 2 seller, or a model 3 seller:
- 528 [(7)] (60) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company 529 obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle 530 leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit 531 may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, 532533as hereinafter provided;

542

543544

545

546

556

557

558

559

560

561

562563

564

565 566

567568

569

- (61) "Optional computer software maintenance contract", a computer software maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to purchase as a condition to the retail sale of computer software;
- 538 (62) "Other direct mail", any direct mail that is not advertising 539 and promotional direct mail regardless of whether advertising and 540 promotional direct mail is included in the same mailing. Other direct 541 mail includes, but is not limited to:
  - (a) Transactional direct mail that contains personal information specific to the one addressee including, but not limited to, invoices, bills, statements of account, and payroll advices;
  - (b) Any legally required mailings including, but not limited to, privacy notices, tax reports, and stockholder reports; and
- 547 (c) Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or 548 former shareholders, customers, employees, or agents including, but not 549 limited to, newsletters and informational pieces.
- 550 Other direct mail shall not include the development of billing 551 information or the provision or any data processing service that is 552 more than incidental;
- 553 (63) "Over-the-counter-drug", a drug, excluding grooming and 554 hygiene products, that contains a label that identifies the product as a 555 drug as required by 21 CFR Section 201.66 and includes:
  - (a) A drug facts panel; or
  - (b) A statement of the active ingredients with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance, or preparation;
  - [(8)] (64) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state transportation department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, or any other legal entity;
  - (65) "Place of primary use", the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, place of primary use must be within the

572

573 574

575576

577

578 579

580

581

582583

584

585

586

587

588 589

590 591

592

593

594

595

596

597 598

599

600

601 602

603

604

605

607

571 licensed service area of the home service provider;

- (66) "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service;
- (67) "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;
- (68) "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless services as well as other nontelecommunications services, including the download of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;
- (69) "Prepared food", food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item; or food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate shall not include a container or packaging used to transport the food. Prepared food shall not include food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses;
- (70) "Prescription", an order, formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a 606 duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of the state;

636 637

- 608 (71) "Prewritten computer software", computer software, 609 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed by 610 the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 611 612 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the combination to be other 613 than prewritten computer software. Prewritten computer software shall include software 614 designed and developed by the author or other creator to the 615 616 specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other 617 than the specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances 618 computer software of which the person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such 619 620 person's modifications or enhancements. Prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any 621 622 degree, where such modification or enhancement is designed and 623 developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains 624 prewritten computer software; provided, however, that where there is a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice or other statement 625 626 of the price given to the purchaser for such modification or 627 enhancement, such modification or enhancement shall not constitute 628 prewritten computer software;
- (72) "Private communication service", a telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels;
  - (73) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the description of the product and not based on who purchases the product or how the purchaser intends to use the product;
- [(9)] (74) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption" [means], tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state;
- 643 (75) "Prosthetic device", a replacement, corrective, or supportive 644 device including repair and replacement parts for same worn on or in

651

652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

662

663

664

665

666667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

676

677678

the body to artificially replace a missing portion of the body, prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction, or support a weak or deformed portion of the body. The term "prosthetic device" shall not include corrective eyeglasses or contact lenses and shall be limited to the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;

- (76) "Protective equipment", items for human wear and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as protections against damage or injury of other persons or property but not suitable for general use. Protective equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and sport or recreational equipment;
- (77) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption in this state;
- 660 (78) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax 661 and has the same meaning as sales price;
  - [(10)] (79) "Purchaser" [means], a person who purchases tangible personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144;
  - (80) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components who is a nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state;
  - (81) "Receive" or "receipt", taking possession of tangible personal property; making first use of services; or taking possession or making first use of digital goods, whichever comes first. Receive and receipt shall not include possession by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser;
- 679 (82) "Registered under the agreement", registration by a seller 680 with the member states under the central registration system provided 681 in Article IV of the agreement;

689

690

691

692

693

694

695

696

697

698

699

700

701

702

703704

705

706

707

708

709710

711

712

713

714715

716

717

682 [(11)] (83) "Research or experimentation activities" [are], the 683 development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention 684 or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such 685 type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as 686 ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, 687 efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, 688 historical or similar projects;

[(12) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;

(13)] (84) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the sale of tangible personal property or "retail sale", any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. Purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the context of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 and the tax imposed thereby, the term sale at retail shall be construed to embrace:

- 718 (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in 719 places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events, 720 except amounts paid for any instructional class;
- 721 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or 722 artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- (c) Sales of [local and long distance] telecommunications [service to telecommunications subscribers] services and [to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations,] ancillary and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;
  - (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;
- (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;
- (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- 737 (85) "School art supply":

- 738 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study for 739 artwork. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, 740 school instructional material, and school computer supply;
- 741 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 742 a. Clay and glazes;
- b. Paints, acrylic, tempora, and oil;
- 744 c. Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 745 d. Sketch and drawing pads; and
- e. Watercolors;
- 747 (86) "School computer supply":
- 748 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study in 749 which a computer is used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms 750 school supply, school art supply, and school instructional material;
- 751 **(b)** The following is an all-inclusive list:
- a. Computer storage media, diskettes, compact disks;
- 753 b. Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are

- 754 cellular phones;
- c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular
- 756 phones; and
- d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printer
- 758 paper, and printer ink;
- 759 (87) "School instructional material":
- 760 (a) Written material commonly used by a student in a course of
- 761 study as a reference and to learn the subject being taught. The term is
- 762 mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, school art supply, and
- 763 school computer supply;
- 764 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- a. Reference books;
- 766 b. Reference maps and globes;
- 767 c. Textbooks; and
- d. Workbooks;
- 769 **(88)** "School supply":
- 770 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of
- 771 study. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school art supply,
- school instructional material, and school computer supply;
- 773 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- a. Binders;
- 775 b. Book bags;
- 776 c. Calculators;
- 777 d. Cellophane tape;
- 778 e. Blackboard chalk;
- 779 **f.** Compasses;
- 780 g. Composition books;
- 781 h. Crayons;
- 782 i. Erasers;
- j. Folders, expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila;
- 784 k. Glue, paste, and paste sticks;
- 785 l. Highlighters;
- 786 m. Index cards;
- 787 n. Index card boxes;
- 788 o. Legal pads;
- 789 p. Lunch boxes;
- 790 q. Markers;

- 791 r. Notebooks:
- 792 s. Paper, loose leaf notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper,
- 793 tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and
- construction paper; 794
- 795 t. Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;
- 796 u. Pencil sharpeners;
- 797 v. Pencils;
- w. Pens: 798
- 799 x. Protractors:
- 800 v. Rulers:

812

- 801 z. Scissors; and
- 802 aa. Writing tablets;
- 803 [(14)] (89) "Seller" means, a person [selling or furnishing tangible] 804 making sales, leases, or rentals of personal property or [rendering services, 805 on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020] service;
- 806 (90) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a 807 principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of 808 revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed under this chapter and who receives compensation by reason of the 809 810 sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is 811 to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
  - (91) "Service address":
- 813 (a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or 815 terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;
- 816 (b) If the location in paragraph (a) of this subdivision is not 817 known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal of 818 the telecommunications services first identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or in information received by the seller 819 820 from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller; 821
- 822 (c) If the location in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision 823 are not known, the service address shall be the location of the 824 customer's place of primary use;
- 825 (92) "Specified digital products", electronically transferred digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, and digital books; 826
- 827 (93) "Sport or recreational equipment", items designed for human

use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. Sport or recreational equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and protective equipment;

- 832 (94) "State", any state of the United States, the District of 833 Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
  - (95) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;
  - (96) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal property shall include electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software. Tangible personal property shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
- [(15) The noun "tax" means

834

835

836

837

838

839

840841

842

843

844

852

853

- 846 (97) "Tax", either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or 847 service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of 848 such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to 849 report his or her collections, as the context may require; [and]
- 850 (98) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should 851 remit the tax levied by this chapter;
  - (99) "Telecommunications nonrecurring charges", an amount billed for the installation, connection, change or initiation of telecommunications service received by the customer;
- 855 [(16)] (100) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial 856 cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, 857 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of writing, 858 859 signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. Telecommunications service does not include the following if such services are separately stated on the 860 customer's bill or on records of the seller maintained in the ordinary course of 861 862 business:
- 863 (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or

866

870

874

875 876

877

878

879

880

881

882

883

884

885 886

889

893

894

864 electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications 865 service used to provide such access;

- (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;
- 867 (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile 868 radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or 869 enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or
  - (d) Cable or satellite television or music services]:
- 871 (a) The electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or 872 873 between or among points;
  - (b) Telecommunications service shall include such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added;
  - (c) Telecommunications service shall include air-to-ground radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunications service, post-paid calling service, prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication service;
    - (d) Telecommunications service shall not include:
- a. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered 887 888 by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data 890 or information;
- 891 b. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a 892 customer's premises;
  - c. Tangible personal property;
  - d. Advertising, including but not limited to directory advertising;
- 895 e. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;
- 896 f. Internet access service:
- 897 g. Radio and television audio and video programming services, 898 regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, 899 conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services 900

901 shall include, but not be limited to, cable service, as defined in 47

- 902 U.S.C. Section 522(6), and audio and video programming services
- 903 delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in
- 904 **47 CFR 20.3**;

905

908

- h. Ancillary services; or
- 906 i. Digital products delivered electronically, including, but not 907 limited to, software, music, video, reading materials, or ring tones;
  - (101) "Transportation equipment", any of the following:
- 909 (a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the carriage of 910 persons or property in interstate commerce;
- 911 (b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating 912 (GVWR) of ten thousand one pounds or greater, trailers, semi-trailers, 913 or passenger buses that are:
  - a. Registered through the International Registration Plan; and
- b. Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
- 919 (c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and 920 certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or 921 another federal or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage of 922 persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce;
- 923 (d) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached 924 or secured on the items set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this 925 subdivision;
- 926 (102) "Tobacco", cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or 927 any other item that contains tobacco;
- 928 (103) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible 929 personal property incident to the ownership or control of that 930 property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of 931 property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale 932 of the property in the regular course of business;
- 933 (104) "Use-based exemption", an exemption based on a specified 934 use of the product by the purchaser;
- 935 (105) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible 936 personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling 937 tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of

938 tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, 939 peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, 940 consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they 941942 operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this 943 state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business 944 945 activities within this state and every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise 946 vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are 947 making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, 948distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they 949 must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, 950 951 supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for 952 the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

- 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections [144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 by reference, the term manufactured homes shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010.
- 958 [3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales 959 Tax Law".]
  - 144.011. 1. For purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 2 144.748] **chapter 144**, and the taxes imposed thereby, the definition of "retail 3 sale" or "sale at retail" shall not be construed to include any of the following:
  - 4 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially all of its tangible 5 personal property to another corporation pursuant to a merger or consolidation 6 effected under the laws of the state of Missouri or any other jurisdiction;
  - 7 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property incident to the liquidation 8 or cessation of a taxpayer's trade or business, conducted in proprietorship, 9 partnership or corporate form, except to the extent any transfer is made in the 10 ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;
- 11 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation solely in 12 exchange for its stock or securities;
- 13 (4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation by a 14 shareholder as a contribution to the capital of the transferee corporation;

23

24

25

26

27

2829

30

31

32 33

3435

36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

49

50

15 (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a partnership solely in 16 exchange for a partnership interest therein;

- 17 (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partner as a 18 contribution to the capital of the transferee partnership;
- 19 (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a corporation to one or 20 more of its shareholders as a dividend, return of capital, distribution in the 21 partial or complete liquidation of the corporation or distribution in redemption 22 of the shareholder's interest therein;
  - (8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partnership to one or more of its partners as a current distribution, return of capital or distribution in the partial or complete liquidation of the partnership or of the partner's interest therein;
  - (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in connection with the sale of tangible personal property contained therein for which a deposit is required and refunded on return;
  - (10) The purchase by persons operating eating or food service establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the customers of such establishments with or in conjunction with the retail sales of their food or beverage. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, wrapping or packaging materials and nonreusable paper, wood, plastic and aluminum articles such as containers, trays, napkins, dishes, silverware, cups, bags, boxes, straws, sticks and toothpicks;
  - (11) The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or other transient accommodation establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the guests in the guests' rooms of such establishments and such items are included in the charge made for such accommodations. Such items shall include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, tissue and other toiletries and food or confectionery items offered to the guests without charge;
    - (12) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:
- 44 (a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the document known as the
  45 "Manufacturer's Statement of Origin" to a person other than a manufactured
  46 home dealer, as defined in section 700.010, for purposes of allowing such person
  47 to obtain a title to the manufactured home from the department of revenue of this
  48 state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state;
  - (b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this state if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter**

SB 46 146

57 58

59 60

61

62

63

64

65

66 67

68

71

144 was not paid on the transfer of the manufactured home described in 51 paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

- 53 (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31, 1985, if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 was not paid on any 54 transfer of the same manufactured home which occurred before December 31, 55 56 1985; or
  - (13) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:
  - (a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic fraternal societies, orders or associations operating under the lodge system a substantial part of the activities of which are devoted to religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational or fraternal purposes;
  - (b) Posts or organizations of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary unit or society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such post or organization substantially all of the members of which are past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or who are cadets, spouses, widows, or widowers of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual; or
- 69 (c) Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(7) 70 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- 2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the transferee incident 72to any of the transactions enumerated in the above subdivisions (1) to (8) of 73 subsection 1 of this section shall not disqualify the transfer from the exclusion described in this section, where such liability assumption is related to the 7475 property transferred and where the assumption does not have as its principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax. 76
- 144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October 1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746] under chapter 144 on all retail sales of food, food sold through vending machines, and food **ingredients** shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in section 8 144.701.
- 9 2. [For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only 10 those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed

pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 11 12 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For 13 the purpose of this section, Except for food sold through vending [machine 14 sales, the term "food" machines, subsection 1 of this section shall not 15 [include] apply to food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross 16 receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such establishment for 17 immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes 18 more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, 19 20 regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that 21establishment, including, but not limited to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café.

- 144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in subdivision (9) of this subsection, upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:
- (1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this subsection, a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;
- 16 (2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and 17 seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, 18 entertainment or recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for 19 any instructional class;
- 20 (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on 21 all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to 22 domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- 23 (4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on 24 all sales of [local and long distance] telecommunications service [to

telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations], **upon ancillary services** and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services;

- (5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;
- (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public. The tax imposed under this subdivision shall not apply to any automatic mandatory gratuity for a large group imposed by a restaurant when such gratuity is reported as employee tip income and the restaurant withholds income tax under section 143.191 on such gratuity;
- (7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- (8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under the conditions of sale at retail or leased or rented the property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in this section and section 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the sales

65

66

67

68

69 70

19

tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof;

- (9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, of new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid according to the procedures in section 144.440.
- 2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".
- 144.021. 1. The purpose and intent of sections 144.010 to 144.510 is to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in the business, in this state, of selling tangible personal property and those services listed in section 144.020 and for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. Except as otherwise provided, the primary tax burden is placed upon the seller making the taxable sales of property or service and is levied at the rate provided for in section 144.020. Excluding subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of 10 section 144.020 and sections 144.070, 144.440 and 144.450, the extent to which a seller is required to collect the tax from the purchaser of the taxable property 11 or service is governed by section 144.285 and in no way affects sections 144.080 12 and 144.100, which require all sellers to report to the director of revenue their 13 "gross receipts", defined herein to mean the aggregate amount of the sales price 14 of all sales at retail, and remit tax at four percent of their gross receipts. 15
- 2. If any item of tangible personal property or service determined to be taxable under the sales tax law or the compensating use tax law is modified by a decision or order of:
  - (1) The director of revenue;
- 20 (2) The administrative hearing commission; or
- 21 (3) A court of competent jurisdiction;
- 22 which changes which items of tangible personal property or services are taxable,

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41 42

45 46

47 48

49

50

23 and a reasonable person would not have expected the decision or order based solely on prior law or regulation, all affected sellers shall be notified by the department of revenue before such modification shall take effect for such 25 sellers. Failure of the department of revenue to notify a seller shall relieve such 2627 seller of liability for taxes that would be due under the modification until the seller is notified. The waiver of liability for taxes under this subsection shall only 2829 apply to sellers actively selling the type of tangible personal property or service 30 affected by the decision on the date the decision or order is made or handed down and shall not apply to any seller that has previously remitted tax on the tangible 31 32 personal property or taxable services subject to the decision or order or to any 33 seller that had prior notice that the seller must collect and remit the tax.

- 3. The notification required by subsection 2 of this section shall be delivered by United States mail, electronic mail, or other secure electronic means of direct communications. The department of revenue shall update its website with information regarding modifications in sales tax law but such updates shall not constitute a notification required by subsection 2 of this section.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any seller, as defined in section 144.010, selling tangible personal property or services designated and defined as taxable under the provisions of this chapter for delivery into Missouri, who does not have a physical presence in the state, is subject to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.560, shall remit the sales tax, and shall follow all applicable procedures and requirements of law as if the seller had a physical presence in the state, provided the seller meets either of the following criteria in the previous or current calendar year:
- (1) The seller's gross revenue from delivery of tangible personal property into this state in the previous or current calendar year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars; or
- 51 (2) The seller sold tangible personal property into this state in 52 two hundred or more separate transactions in the previous or current 53 calendar year.
- No obligation to collect and remit sales tax required under this subsection shall be applied prior to January 1, 2020.

144.022. 1. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any of the following: telecommunication service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video programming service:

10

11

13

15

16

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

(1) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products may be subject to tax unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such portion from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;

- (2) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax rates, the total price shall be treated as attributable to the products subject to tax at the highest tax rate unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the price attributable to the products subject to tax at the lower rate from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;
- 17 (3) The provisions of this section shall apply unless otherwise 18 provided by federal law.
- 2. In the case of a transaction that includes an optional computer software maintenance contract for prewritten computer software, the following provisions apply:
  - (1) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the vendor to provide upgrades and updates, it shall be characterized as a sale of prewritten computer software;
  - (2) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the vendor to provide support services, it shall be characterized as a sale of services and not a sale of tangible personal property;
  - (3) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction in which both taxable and nontaxable or exempt products that are not separately itemized on the invoice or similar billing document, the purchase price under the contract shall be taxable.
- 3. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes the retail sale of two or more products not listed in subsections 1 or 2 of this section, if the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the bundled transaction is subject to tax.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter** 

4 144 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761] **chapter 144** and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745] **chapter 144**:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of [the Missouri pesticide registration law,] sections 281.220 to 281.310, which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately

- 40 for final use or consumption;
- 41 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly 42 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, 43 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of 44 persons or property;
- 45 (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement 46 machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, 47 fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for 48 49 final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 50 51 machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or 52 expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a 53 facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a usable 54 product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 55 56 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall 57 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the 58 terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to 59 60 section 301.010. For the purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of 61 62 subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product" includes telecommunications 63 services and the term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or production 64 and transmission, of telecommunications services. The preceding sentence does not make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term 65 "manufacturing" has included and continues to include the production and 66 transmission of "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and 67 subdivision (5) of this subsection, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of 68 69 subsection 1 of section 144.010. The preceding two sentences reaffirm legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision (5) 70 71 of this subsection in Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 72 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 73 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v. Director of 7475 Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this

76 section and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo.

- 77 banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226
- 78 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and application of this subdivision as
- 79 expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of
- 80 Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director
- 81 of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.
- 82 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby
- 83 affirmed. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing
- 84 process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material recovery
- 85 processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of
- 86 ownership of the material being recovered;
- 87 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies
- 88 solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and
- 89 equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing
- 90 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and
- 91 equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product
- 92 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption. The
- 93 construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri
- 94 supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo.
- 95 banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo.
- 96 banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d
- 97 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed;
- 98 (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the
- 99 manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the
- 100 United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
- 101 (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive
- 102 wildlife;
- 103 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner,
- 104 printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies
- used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general
- 106 public;
- 107 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture
- 108 transcriptions for public commercial display;
- 109 (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered
- 110 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- 111 (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in

interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;

- (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility:
- (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
- (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
  - (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
- (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or

156

157

158

159

160

161162

163164

165

166167

168

169170

171

172

173

174

175

176177

178179

180

181

182

183

148 other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 149 corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or 150 151 corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for 152 the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any 153 amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such 154 155 revenue-sharing agreement;

(18) All sales of [insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter [or nonprescription] drugs to individuals with disabilities, and all sales of drugs, including prescriptions, durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, mobility enhancing equipment, kidney dialysis equipment, and enteral feeding systems, and drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

(19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities

and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;

- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;
- (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils,

232

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248249

250251

252

220 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve 221 or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of 222 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 223 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new 224 or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment 225 and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to 226 such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for 227 agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, 228 229 pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, 230 including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel 231 therefor which is:

- (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
- 233 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 234 products; and
  - (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
  - (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil] **piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller** for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:
  - (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil,] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- 253 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases 254 are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 255 classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274275

276

277278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and who uses any portion of the [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;
- (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- 289 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 290 4071, 4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States 291 Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to

SB 46 160

302

317

292 eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

- 293 (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of 294 295 property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers 296 bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller 297 to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such 298 river;
- 299 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to 300 sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the 301 functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
- (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems 303 purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this 304 state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means 305 the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities 306 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- 307 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, 308 producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of 309 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 310 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the 311 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 312 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 313 314 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 315 plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection;
- 316 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or 318 poultry;
- (33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or 319 320 consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of 321 agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals; 322
- 323 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 324 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of 325 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial 326 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 327 to 273.357;

328

329

330

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341 342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352

353

354 355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

(36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason [and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate unless the contractor fraudulently accepted the certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

- (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or
- (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;
- (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
  - (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section

SB 46 162

367

368

369 370

371

372

373

374

375

377

378

379 380

388

389

390 391

392 393

394 395

364 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are 365 consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a 366 professional sports team;

- (40) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;
- (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;
- (42) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any 376 watercraft, as defined in section 306.010;
  - (43) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:
- 381 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident 382 of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or
- 383 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 384 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, 385 repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer 386 of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a 387 corporation that is not incorporated in this state;
  - (44) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;
- 396 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether 397 the tax is imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet 398 access. For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:
- 399 (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely

405

406

407

408

409

435

because of an internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;

- (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;
- 410 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the 411 internet to access content, information, or other services without regard to 412 whether the service is referred to as telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to whether a provider of the 413 414 service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 415 416 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including telecommunications services as defined in 417 418 section 144.010, to the extent the communications services are purchased, used, 419 or sold to provide the service described in this subdivision or to otherwise enable 420 users to access content, information, or other services offered over the internet; 421 services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this 422 subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home 423 page, electronic mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and 424 video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal 425 electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic mail and instant messaging, 426 including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, 427 video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity that are provided 428 independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this 429 subdivision, internet access does not include voice, audio, and video programming 430 or other products and services, except services described in this paragraph or this 431 subdivision, that use internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which 432 there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately stated or 433 aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this 434 subdivision;
  - (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the

state for the purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:

- a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or
- b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.
- Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016;

## (46) Usual and customary delivery charges that are stated separately from the sale price.

3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 the to contrary notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.570, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 67.500 to 67.729, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 205.205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all sales of [metered water services,] electricity, [electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use 10 only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue and assessed 11 by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district 12 sales tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the 13 determination of domestic use for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax under the provisions of section 144.030. 14

## 144.049. 1. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body including, but not limited to, disposable diapers for infants or adults and footwear. The term shall include, but not be limited to, cloth and other material used to make school uniforms or other school clothing. Items normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for the exemption. The term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry, handbags, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles; and
- 9 (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system
  10 which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage
  11 drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in
  12 conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module,
  13 compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem, motherboard,
  14 mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user
  15 operating system, soundcard, or video card;
- (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks, notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment, portable or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable

value of three hundred fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less.

- 2.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically exempted from state and local sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a taxable value of one hundred dollars or less[,]; all retail sales of school supplies [not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase,]; school art supplies, and school instructional materials; all prewritten computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less[, all graphing calculators having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less,]; and all retail sales of [personal] computers [or computer peripheral devices] and school computer supplies not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per item, during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following. Where a purchaser and seller are located in two different time zones, the time zone of the seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption period.
- [3. If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
- 48 4.] 2. This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the 49 Missouri state fairgrounds.
  - [5.] 3. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.
  - [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
    - 7.] 4. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two

65

66 67

68 69

70

73

74

75 76

77

79

80

81

82

83

84

59 percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax 60 holiday. The retailer [shall] **may** offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax 61 holiday.

- 5. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:
  - (1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period; or
  - (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period.
- 6. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law for all other bundled transactions.
  - 7. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
  - (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.
- 85 8. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.
- 9. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period.
- 94 10. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property 95 during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item for a similar

98

99

100101

102

103

104

105106

107108

109

110

111

112

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122123

124

125

126127

128

96 eligible item after the exemption period, no additional tax shall be due97 on the new item.

- (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale of the newly purchased item.
- (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption period, but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.
- (4) For a sixty day period immediately following the end of the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid, or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.
- 113 11. For items that require delivery, an item shall be considered 114 exempt if:
  - (1) The item is both delivered to and paid for by the purchaser during the exemption period; or
  - (2) The purchaser orders and pays for the item and the seller accepts the order during the exemption period for immediate shipment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period. For the purposes of this subdivision, a seller shall be considered to have accepted an order when the seller has taken action to fill the order for immediate shipment. Actions to fill an order shall include placement of an "in date" stamp on a mail order or the assignment of an "order number" to a telephone order. An order shall be considered for immediate shipment when the purchaser does not request delayed shipment. An order shall be considered for immediate shipment notwithstanding a shipment that may be delayed because of a backlog of orders or because an item is currently unavailable or on back order.
    - 144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
  - 2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed 3 upon materials to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, 4 including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the

5 producer at the production facility;

8

31

32

33 34

35

36 37

38

39

40

- 6 (2) "Producing" includes, but is not limited to, the production of, including 7 the production and transmission of, telecommunication services;
  - (3) "Product" includes, but is not limited to, telecommunications services;
- 9 (4) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or 10 removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether 11 or not they require subsequent separation and processing.
- 12 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 13 14 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or 15 payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, this chapter 16 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under this chapter electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, 17 water, coal, and energy sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials 18 19 used or consumed in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing of recovered 20 21materials, or used in research and development related to manufacturing, 22processing, compounding, mining, or producing any product. [The exemptions 23 granted in this subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to any state and 2425 local sales tax exemption provided in section 144.030.] The construction and application of this subsection as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST 26 27Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); 28 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 29 30 2005), is hereby affirmed.
  - 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable under this chapter, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would

otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business.

- 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable under this chapter, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.
- 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable under this chapter, all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps, detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five hundred pounds of textiles per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.

144.060. 1. It shall be the duty of every person making any purchase or

2 receiving any service upon which a tax is imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.510

- 3 to pay, to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, the amount
- 4 of such tax to the person making such sale or rendering such service. Any person
- 5 who shall willfully and intentionally refuse to pay such tax shall be guilty of a
- 6 misdemeanor. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person
- 7 making any purchase or sale of a motor vehicle subject to sales tax as provided
- 8 by the Missouri sales tax law, unless such person making the sale is a motor
- 9 vehicle dealer authorized to collect and remit sales tax pursuant to subsection 8
- 10 of section 144.070.
- 2. A purchaser shall be relieved from any additional tax, interest, additions, or penalties for failure to collect and remit the proper amount of tax owed on a purchase subject to sales tax under chapter
- 14 **144 if:**
- 15 (1) A purchaser's seller or a certified service provider relied on 16 erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries,
- 17 taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the taxability matrix created
- 18 pursuant to section 144.124;
- 19 (2) A purchaser holding a direct pay permit created pursuant to 20 section 144.079 relied on erroneous data provided by the director on 21 tax rates, boundaries, taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the
- tax rates, boundaries, taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the
- 22 taxability matrix created pursuant to section 144.124;
- 23 (3) A purchaser using a database created pursuant to section
- 24 144.123 received erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates,
- 25 boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments; or
- 26 (4) A purchaser relied on erroneous data provided by the 27 director in the taxability matrix created pursuant to section 144.124.
- director in the taxability matrix created pursuant to section 144.124.
  - 144.079. 1. The provisions of section 144.080 notwithstanding, the
- 2 director shall promulgate rules to allow for the issuance of direct pay
- 3 permits to purchasers. Purchasers holding such a permit shall be
- 4 permitted to purchase goods and services which are subject to sales tax
- 5 under chapter 144 without remitting payment of the tax to the seller at
- 6 the time of purchase. Such purchaser shall make a determination of
- 7 the amount of tax owed and shall report and remit such amount
- 8 directly to the taxing jurisdiction.
- 9 2. The director shall promulgate rules to implement the
- 10 provisions of this section. Such rules shall include an application
- 11 process for the issuance of a permit created under this section. Any

16

17

18

19

20

26

12 rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section 13 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any 16 17of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and 18 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 19 20 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 211, 2020, shall be invalid and void.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last 7 day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file 9 a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit 10 to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, 11 except as provided in [subsections 2 and 3] subsection 2 of this section. The 12director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and 13 14 payment requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more frequently than required in this section. 15

- 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
- 3.] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
  - [4.] 3. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject

to the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144**, shall collect the tax from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440.

- 34 [5.] 4. Any person may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer directly that the tax or any part thereof imposed by [sections 35 36 144.010 to 144.525 chapter 144, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, provided that the amount of tax assumed 37 38 or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the property sold or 39 service rendered. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer 40 prohibited from collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630. 41
- 144.082. 1. The director shall participate in an online 2 registration system that will allow sellers to register in this state and 3 other member states.
- 2. By registering, the seller agrees to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales into this state. Withdrawal or revocation of this state from the agreement shall not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes previously or subsequently collected on behalf of this state.
- 3. If the seller has a requirement to register prior to registering under the agreement, such seller shall obtain a retail sales license under section 144.083 and register under section 144.650.
- 4. Registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in this state shall not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with this state for any tax at any time.

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

2829

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under [sections 144.010 to 144.510] this chapter or sections 9 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before 10 the department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. 11 All persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are 12required to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making 13 sales at retail. Such license may, after ten days' notice, be revoked by the 14 director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall be in default for a period 15 16 of sixty days in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 17 143.191 to 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event of revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business 19 account including the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the 20 director.

- 2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under [sections 144.010 to 144.510] this chapter or sections 143.191 to 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the occupational license or the state license null and void.
- 3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.
- 4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or [sections 144.010 to 144.510] **this chapter** shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license required for conducting

43 any business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall

- 44 be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application
- 45 or renewal of the city or county license.
- 46 [5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only
- 47 apply to the sale price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice
- 48 discounts or other pricing discounts or mechanisms negotiated between
- 49 manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]

business day; and

3

11

2728

29

30

- 144.084. 1. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations 2 for remittance of returns. Such rules shall:
  - (1) Allow for electronic payments by all remitters by both ACH credit and ACH debit;
- 5 (2) Provide an alternative method for making "same day" 6 payments if an electronic funds transfer fails;
- (3) Provide that if a due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday in the member state or on a day the Federal Reserve Bank is closed that prohibits a person from being able to make a payment by ACH debit or credit, the taxes shall be due on the next succeeding
- 12 (4) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance be 13 formatted using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by 14 the streamlined sales and use tax governing board.
- 2. All model 1, model 2, and model 3 sellers shall file returns electronically. Any model 1, model 2, or model 3 seller shall submit its sales and use tax returns in a simplified format approved by the director at such times as may be prescribed by the director.
- 3. (1) The director shall make available to all sellers, whether or not the seller is registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, a simplified electronic return that is in a form approved by the streamlined sales and use tax governing board and shall contain only those fields approved by the governing board. Such simplified electronic return shall contain two parts, with part one containing information relating to remittances and allocations and part two containing information relating to exempt sales.
  - (2) The director shall not require the submission of part two information from a model 4 seller which has no legal requirement to register in the state.
    - 4. (1) Certified service providers shall file a simplified electronic

return on behalf of its model 1 sellers and shall be required to file part one of the simplified electronic return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. The director shall allow model 1 sellers to file parts one and two of the simplified electronic return.

- (2) Model 2 and model 3 sellers shall file a simplified electronic return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090 for each taxing period for which they anticipate making sales in the state. Such sellers shall file part two information:
  - (a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or
- (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.
- (3) The director shall allow model 4 sellers to file a simplified electronic return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. Such sellers shall file part two information:
  - (a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or
- (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.
- (4) Model 4 sellers that elect not to file a simplified electronic return shall file returns in the form and at the times afforded to sellers not registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- (5) The director shall allow sellers not registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement that are registered in the state to file a simplified electronic return at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. Such sellers shall file part two information:
  - (a) At the same time as the seller files part one information; or
- (b) At the time of the final due date of part one information in a given calendar year. A submission under this paragraph shall include data for all previous months of the same calendar year and shall be presented as yearly totals.
- 5. A seller that is registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement and that has indicated at the time of registration that it anticipates making no sales which would be sourced to the state under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement shall not be required to

72

73

7475

79

80 81

82

83

84

85

8687

10

1112

1314

15

file a return. A seller shall be disqualified for such exemption for any quarter in which the seller makes any taxable sales in the state and shall file a return for such quarter as provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090.

- 6. The director shall provide for a standardized transmission process that allows for receipt of uniform tax returns and other formatted information. Such process shall provide for the filing of separate returns for multiple legal entities in a single transmission and shall not include any requirement for manual entry or input by a seller. The process shall allow a certified service provider, a tax preparer, or any other authorized entity to do so, to file returns for more than one seller in a single transmission. However, sellers filing returns for multiple legal entities shall only do so for affiliated legal entities.
- 7. The director shall give notice to a seller registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement which has no legal requirement to register in the state of a failure to file a required return and shall provide such seller at least thirty days following such notice to file a return prior to holding the seller liable for any penalties based on a failure to file a timely return.
- 144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service, 2 except transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or 3 by duly authorized officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the 4 director of revenue in such manner as he may prescribe.
- 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director of the department of revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. The returns shall [show the amount of gross receipts from sales of taxable property and services by the person and the amount of tax due thereon by that person during and for the period covered by the return] state:
  - (1) The name and address of the retailer;
  - (2) The total amount of gross sales of all tangible personal property and taxable services rendered by the retailer during the period for which the return is made;
  - (3) The total amount received during the period for which the return is made on charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to the period for which the return is made;

SB 46 178

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33 34

35

36

37

41

42

45

46

47

48 49

50

51

53 54

- 18 (4) Deductions allowed by law from such total amount of gross sales and from total amount received during the period for which the 19 20 return is made on such charge and time sales;
- 21 (5) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from 22 the total amount of sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered during such period in the course of such business, 23 after deductions allowed by law have been made; 24
  - (6) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;
  - (7) Gross receipts during the period for which the return is made from sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered in the course of such business upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; and
    - (8) Such other pertinent information as the director may require.
- 3. In making such return, the retailer shall determine the market value of any consideration, other than money, received in connection with the sale of any tangible personal property in the course of the business and shall include such value in the return. Such value shall 38 be subject to review and revision by the director as hereinafter provided. Refunds made by a retailer during the period for which the return is made on account of tangible personal property returned to the retailer shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section in case the retailer has included the 43 receipts from such sale in a return made by such retailer and paid taxes on such sale. The retailer shall, at the time of making such return, pay to the director the amount of tax owed, except as otherwise provided in this section. The director may extend the time for making returns and paying the tax required by this section for any period not to exceed sixty days under such rules and regulations as the director of revenue may prescribe.
  - 4. The director shall only require a single tax return for each taxing period and such return shall include only the taxing jurisdictions in which the seller makes sales within the state. With each return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full amount of the tax due.

58

59

60

61 62

63 64

65

66

67 68

69

70

71

72 73

7475

76

77

78 79

3

4

[3.] 5. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the person, without any deduction therefrom whatsoever.

- [4.] 6. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be necessary to show the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the filing period immediately following the filing period in which the error was made or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under this chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based upon charges incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must be corrected by filing an amended return for the erroneously reported period if the amount of tax is less than that originally reported, or an additional return if the amount of tax is greater than that originally reported. An additional return shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is mailed is postmarked or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment of tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is received by the director, whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from the filing of an amended return, no refund or credit shall be allowed unless an application for refund or credit is properly completed and submitted to the director pursuant to section 144.190.
- [5.] 7. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due returned by the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject to review and revision in the manner herein provided for the correction of the returns.
- 144.105. 1. A seller shall be allowed a deduction from taxable sales for bad debts attributable to taxable sales of such seller that have become uncollectable. Any deduction taken that is attributed to bad debts shall not include interest.
- 2. The amount of the bad debt deduction shall be calculated pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 166(b), except that such amount shall be adjusted to exclude financing charges or interest, sales, or use taxes charged on the purchase price, uncollectable amounts on property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid, and expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt or repossessed property.

- 3. Bad debts may be deducted on the return for the period during which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and is eligible to be deducted for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this subsection, a seller who is not required to file federal income tax returns may deduct a bad debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the seller was required to file a federal income tax return.
  - 4. If a deduction is taken for a bad debt and the debt is subsequently collected in whole or in part, the tax on the amount so collected shall be paid and reported on the return filed for the period in which the collection is made.
  - 5. When the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a refund claim may be filed by the seller within the applicable statute of limitations for refund claim; however, the statute of limitations shall be measured from the due date of the return on which the bad debt could first be claimed.
  - 6. Where filing responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider, such service provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt allowance provided by this section. The certified service provider shall credit or refund the full amount of any bad debt allowance or refund received to the seller.
  - 7. For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a previously claimed bad debt, any payments made on a debt or account shall first be applied proportionally to the taxable price of the property or service and the sales tax thereon, and secondly to interest, service charges, and any other charges.
  - 8. In situations where the books and records of the seller, or certified service provider on behalf of the seller, claiming the bad debt allowance support an allocation of the bad debts among the member states, such an allocation shall be permitted.
- 144.109. 1. Certified service providers providing services to 2 model 1 sellers shall not be certified unless:
- 3 (1) The provider's system has been designed and tested to ensure 4 the anonymity of purchasers unless otherwise required by law;

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

29

30

32 33

34 35

36

5 (2) Personally identifiable information is only used and retained 6 to the extent necessary for the administration of model 1 with respect 7 to exempt purchasers, and for the identification of taxing jurisdictions;

- 8 (3) The provider provides consumers with clear and conspicuous 9 notice of its information practices, including what information it 10 collects, how it collects such information, how it uses such information, 11 how long, if at all, it retains such information, and whether it discloses 12 such information to the state. Such notice shall be satisfied by a 13 written privacy policy statement accessible by the public on the 14 certified service provider's website;
- 15 (4) The providers's collection, use, and retention of personally 16 identifiable information will be limited to that required by the state to 17 ensure the validity of exemptions from taxation that are claimed by 18 reason of a purchaser's status or the intended use of the goods or 19 services purchased, and for the documentation of correct assignment 20 of taxing jurisdictions; and
  - (5) The provider provides adequate technical, physical, and administrative safeguards so as to protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized access and disclosure.
  - 2. (1) When any personally identifiable information that has been collected and retained is no longer required for the purposes set forth in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, such information shall no longer be retained by the state.
  - (2) When personally identifiable information regarding an individual is retained by or on behalf of the state, the state shall provide reasonable access by such individual to his or her own information in the state's possession, as well as a right to correct any inaccurately recorded information.
  - (3) If anyone other than the state, or a person authorized by the state, seeks to discover personally identifiable information of an individual, the state shall make a reasonable and timely effort to notify the individual of such request.
- 3. The attorney general for the state of Missouri shall have the power to enforce the provisions of this section.
  - 144.110. 1. The state shall review software submitted to the streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a certified automated system (CAS) under Section 501 of the streamlined

4 sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to

- 5 determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product-
- 6 based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall
- 7 certify to the governing board its acceptance of the classifications made
- 8 by the system. The state shall relieve a certified service provider (CSP)
- 9 or model 2 seller from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions
- 10 for failure to collect sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model
- 11 2 seller's reliance on the certification provided by the state.
- 2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this 13 state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or
- 4 transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from
- 15 liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or
- 16 model 2 seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into
- 17 a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall
- ir a product based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall

not apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a

- 19 product definition approved by the governing board or the state.
- 3. If the state determines that an item or transaction is
- 21 incorrectly classified as to its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or
- 22 model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The CSP or model 2 seller
- 23 shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice
- 24 from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days,
- 25 such CSP or model 2 seller shall be liable for failure to collect the
- 26 correct amount of sales or use taxes due and owing to the state.
  - 144.111. 1. (1) All retail sales in Missouri, excluding leases and
  - 2 rentals, of tangible personal property or digital goods shall be sourced
- 3 to the location where the order is received by the seller.
  - (2) This subsection shall apply only if:
- 5 (a) The location where the order is received by the seller and the
- 6 location where the purchaser receives the product are both in Missouri;
- 7 (b) The location where receipt of the product by the purchaser
- 8 occurs is determined in accordance with subsection 2 of this section;
- 9 and

4

- 10 (c) At the time the order is received, the recordkeeping system
- 11 of the seller used to calculate the proper amount of sales or use tax to
- 12 be imposed captures the location where the order is received.
- 13 (3) When the sale is sourced under this section to the location
- 14 where the order is received by the seller, only the sales tax for the

location where the order is received by the seller may be levied. No additional sales or use tax based on the location where the product is delivered to the purchaser may be levied on that sale. The purchaser shall not be entitled to any refund if the combined state and local rate or rates at the location where the product is received by the purchaser is lower than the rate where the order is received by the seller.

- (4) A purchaser shall have no additional liability to the state for tax, penalty, or interest on a sale for which the purchaser remits tax to the seller in the amount invoiced by the seller if such invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the location where receipt by the purchaser occurs or at the rate applicable to the location where the order is received by the seller. A purchaser may rely on a written representation by the seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller. When the purchaser does not have a written representation by the seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller, the purchaser may use a location indicated by a business address for the seller that is available from the business records of the purchaser that are maintained in the ordinary course of the purchaser's business to determine the rate applicable to the location where the order was received.
- (5) The location where the order is received by or on behalf of the seller means the physical location of a seller or third party such as an established outlet, office location, or automated order receipt system operated by or on behalf of the seller where an order is initially received by or on behalf of the seller and not where the order may be subsequently accepted, completed, or fulfilled. An order is received when all of the information from the purchaser necessary to the determination whether the order can be accepted has been received by or on behalf of the seller. The location from which a product is shipped shall not be used in determining the location where the order is received by the seller.
- (6) When taxable services are sold with tangible personal property or digital products pursuant to a single contract or in the same transaction, are billed on the same billing statement or statements, and, because of the application of this section, would be sourced to different jurisdictions, this subsection shall apply to determine the source for tax.

- 2. Except as provided in section 144.112, when the location where the order is received by the seller and the location where the receipt of the product by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser) occurs are in different states, the retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a product shall be sourced as follows:
- (1) When the product is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to such business location;
- (2) When the product is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;
- (3) When subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;
- (4) When subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;
- (5) When none of the previous rules of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection apply, including the circumstances in which the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous rules, then the location will be determined by the address from which tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or computer software delivered electronically was first available for transmission from the seller, or from which the service was provided (disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold).
- 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all sales of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, watercraft, outboard motors, and aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment shall be sourced to the address of the owner thereof.

- 4. The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than property identified in subsection 2 or 3 of this section or transactions regulated under sections 407.660 to 407.665, shall be sourced as follows:
- (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, the first periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith. The property location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations, such as use of business property that accompanies employees on business trips and service calls;
- (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section;
- (3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.
- 5. The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment, as defined in section 144.010, shall be sourced as follows:
- (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of such address does not constitute bad faith. Such location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations;
- (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section;
- 123 (3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation 124 of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or 125 accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.

- 6. The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in subsection 2 of this section.
  - 144.112. 1. The retail sale of a product shall be sourced in accordance with section 144.111. The provisions of section 144.111 shall apply regardless of the characterization of a product as tangible personal property, a digital good, or a service. The provisions of section 144.111 shall only apply to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit sales or use tax with respect to the seller's retail sale of a product. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the obligation of a purchaser or lessee to remit tax on the use of the product to the taxing jurisdictions of that use.
- 2. Section 144.111 shall not apply to sales or use taxes levied on the following:
- 12 (1) Retail sales or transfers of watercraft, modular homes, 13 manufactured homes, or mobile homes; and
  - (2) Telecommunications services and ancillary services.
  - 144.113. 1. (1) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct mail may provide the seller with either:
- 3 (a) A direct pay permit;

- 4 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail 5 (or other written statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the 6 state); or
- 7 (c) Information showing the jurisdictions to which the 8 advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.
- 10 referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, 11 the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to 12 collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction involving advertising 13 and promotional direct mail to which the permit, certificate, or 14 statement applies. The purchaser shall source the sale to the 15 jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is 16 to be delivered to the recipients and shall report and pay any 17 applicable tax due.
- 18 (3) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the 19 jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is

SB 46 187

27

29

30

31

32

40

41

20 to be delivered to recipients, the seller shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is 22 to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect any additional tax on the sale of advertising and promotional 2425 direct mail where the seller has sourced the sale according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser. 26

- (4) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the items listed in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall be sourced according to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.111. The state to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is delivered may disallow credit for tax paid on sales sourced under this subdivision.
- 33 (5) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of advertising and promotional direct mail. 34
- 35 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, sales of other direct mail are sourced in accordance with subdivision (3) of 36 subsection 2 of section 144.111. 37
- 38 (2) A purchaser of other direct mail may provide the seller with either: 39
  - (a) A direct pay permit; or
- (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail 42 (or other written statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the 43 state).
- 44 (3) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, 45the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to 46 collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction involving other direct to which the permit, certificate, or statement 48 apply. Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall 49 be sourced to the jurisdictions to which the other direct mail is to be 50 delivered to the recipients and the purchaser shall report and pay 51 applicable tax due. 52
- 53 (4) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of other direct mail. 54
- 55 3. (1) (a) This section applies to a transaction characterized under state law as the sale of services only if the service is an integral 56

59

60

61

62

63

64

66

67

68

part of the production and distribution of printed material that meets
 the definition of direct mail.

- (b) This section does not apply to any transaction that includes the development of billing information or the provision of any data processing service that is more than incidental regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the same mailing.
- (2) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes advertising and promotion direct mail, this section applies only if the primary purpose of the transaction is the sale of products or services that meet the definition of advertising and promotional direct mail.
  - (3) Nothing in this section shall limit any purchaser's:
- 69 (a) Obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct 70 mail is delivered;
- 71 (b) Right under local, state, federal, or constitutional law, to a 72 credit for sales or use taxes legally due and paid to other jurisdictions; 73 or
- 74 (c) Right to a refund of sales or use taxes overpaid to any 75 jurisdiction.
- 76 (4) This section applies for purposes of uniformly sourcing direct 77 mail transactions and does not impose requirements on states 78 regarding the taxation of products that meet the definition of direct 79 mail or to the application of sales for resale or other exemptions.

[144.043.] **144.114.** 1. [As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, 3 with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for 4 recreational flying or flight training;
- 5 (2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, 6 including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts 7 which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into 8 a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified purchaser for recreational and 9 educational purposes;
- 10 (3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including 11 air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to 12 complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already

13 completed light aircraft;

37

38

39

40

41

46

- (4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.
- 21 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 22 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 23 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the 24provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, and from the 25 computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local sales 26 27tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft 28 kits, parts or components manufactured or substantially completed within this 29 state, when such new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts or components are sold by the manufacturer to a qualified purchaser. The director of revenue shall 30 prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts 31 or components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is 33 eligible for the exemption established in this section Except for the defined telecommunication services in subsection 3 of this section, the sale of 35 telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced 36 to:
  - (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
  - (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates and in which the service address is also located.
- 2. Except for the defined telecommunication services in subsection 3 of this section, a sale of telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.
  - 3. The sale of the following telecommunication services shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:
    - (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-

5556

57

58

5960

61

62

66

67 68

69

71

72

73

74

75

76

7778

80

81

83

49 to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service, is 50 sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the 51 Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;

- 52 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the 53 origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified by 54 either:
  - (a) The seller's telecommunications system; or
  - (b) Information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;
  - (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in accordance with section 144.111, provided however, in the case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling service, the rule provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.111 shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile telephone number;
- 64 (4) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as 65 follows:
  - (a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point is located;
  - (b) Service where all customer termination points are located entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located;
  - (c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and which segment of channel are separately charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located; and
  - (d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination points.
- 4. The sale of internet access service is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.

- 5. The sale of an ancillary service is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.
- 144.123. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a database 2 that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the 3 effective dates of such changes for sales and use tax purposes.
- 2. The director shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.
- 3. The director shall provide and maintain a database that 11 12 assigns each five- and nine-digit zip code to the proper rates and taxing jurisdictions. The lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code area shall apply if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not 15 available for a street address, or if a seller or a certified service 16 provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code 17 designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the 20 five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a 21rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence 22if the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip code 23 designation by utilizing software approved by the governing board that makes this designation from the street address and the five-digit zip 24code applicable to a purchase. 25
- 4. The director may provide address-based boundary database 26 27 records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates which shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this 28 section. The database records shall be in the same approved format as 29 30 the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and shall meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile 31 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the 33 director develops address-based assignment database records pursuant to the agreement, sellers that register under the agreement shall be 34 required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such database 35

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

36 records in place of the five- and nine-digit zip code database records provided for in subsection 3 of this section. If a seller or CSP is unable to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using an addressbased database record after exercising due diligence, the seller or CSP may apply the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase. 40 If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address 41 or if a seller or CSP is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code 42designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 43 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the five-digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section, there shall be 45 a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller or CSP has attempted to determine the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the director and 48 makes the assignment from the address and zip code information 49 applicable to the purchase. If the director has met the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, the director may also elect to certify 51 vendor provided address-based databases for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. The databases shall be in the same approved format as 53 the database records under this section and meet the requirements 54developed pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing 55 Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director certifies a vendor address-56 based database, a seller or CSP may use such database in place of the 58 database provided for in this subsection.

- 5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section shall be in downloadable format as determined by the director. The databases may be directly provided by the director or provided by a vendor as designated by the director. A database provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be applicable and subject to the provisions of section 144.1031 and this section. The databases shall be provided at no cost to the user of the database. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not apply when the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the business location of the seller.
- 6. No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous 70 data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing 71 jurisdiction assignments.

144.124. 1. The director shall complete a taxability matrix. The

1314

28

2 state's entries in the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the 3 director in a database that is in a downloadable format.

- 2. The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability matrix.
- 3. A seller or CSP shall be relieved from liability to this state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the incorrect amount of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon erroneous data provided by the director in the taxability matrix.
- 144.125. 1. (1) Amnesty shall be granted for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on sales made to purchasers in this state in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that the seller was not so registered in this state in the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of this state's participation in the agreement.
- 8 (2) Amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected or unpaid 9 sales or use tax together with penalty or interest for sales made during 10 the period the seller was not registered in this state, provided 11 registration occurs within twelve months of the effective date of this 12 state's participation in the agreement.
  - (3) Amnesty shall be provided if this state joins the agreement after the seller has registered.
- 2. Amnesty shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and judicial processes. The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to this state or to taxes collected by the seller.
- 3. Amnesty provided under this section shall be fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the seller continues registration and payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to asserting a tax liability during this thirty-six month period shall be tolled.
  - 4. Amnesty provided under this section shall be applicable only

23

24

25

29 to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not 30 to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a purchaser.

- 5. The provisions of this section shall become effective as of the date that the state joins and becomes a member state of the agreement.
  - 144.140. **1.** From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or before the date when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the same shall be entitled to deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.
- 2. If the director of the department of revenue enters into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement under section 32.070, the director shall provide a monetary allowance from the taxes collected to each of the following:
- 9 (1) A CSP, in accordance with the agreement and under the 10 terms of the contract signed with the provider, provided that such 11 allowance shall be funded entirely from money collected in model 1;
- 12 (2) Any vendor registered under the agreement that selects a 13 certified automated system to perform part of its sales or use tax 14 functions;
- 15 (3) Any vendor registered under the agreement that uses a 16 proprietary system to calculate taxes due and has entered into a 17 performance agreement with states that are members of the 18 streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 3. The monetary allowance provided for vendors in subdivision 20 (2) or (3) of subsection 2 of this section shall be determined in accordance with the agreement entered into with these parties by the 22 governing board.
  - 4. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this section shall not be entitled to simultaneously deduct the allowance provided for under subsection 1 of this section.
  - 144.190. 1. If a tax has been incorrectly computed by reason of a clerical error or mistake on the part of the director of revenue, such fact shall be set forth in the records of the director of revenue, and the amount of the overpayment shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter, and the balance shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit the tax, such person's administrators or executors, as provided for in section 144.200.
- 8 2. If any tax, penalty or interest has been paid more than once, or has

16

1718

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

2829

30

9 been erroneously or illegally collected, or has been erroneously or illegally computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter, and the balance, with interest as determined by section 32.065, shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit the tax, but no such credit or refund shall be allowed unless duplicate copies of a claim for refund are filed within three years from date of overpayment.

- 3. Every claim for refund must be in writing and signed by the applicant, and must state the specific grounds upon which the claim is founded. Any refund or any portion thereof which is erroneously made, and any credit or any portion thereof which is erroneously allowed, may be recovered in any action brought by the director of revenue against the person legally obligated to remit the tax. In the event that a tax has been illegally imposed against a person legally obligated to remit the tax, the director of revenue shall authorize the cancellation of the tax upon the director's record.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, a purchaser that originally paid sales or use tax to a vendor or seller may submit a refund claim directly to the director of revenue for such sales or use taxes paid to such vendor or seller and remitted to the director, provided no sum shall be refunded more than once, any such claim shall be subject to any offset, defense, or other claim the director otherwise would have against either the purchaser or vendor or seller, and such claim for refund is accompanied by either:
- 31 (1) A notarized assignment of rights statement by the vendor or seller to 32 the purchaser allowing the purchaser to seek the refund on behalf of the vendor 33 or seller. An assignment of rights statement shall contain the Missouri sales or use tax registration number of the vendor or seller, a list of the transactions 34 covered by the assignment, the tax periods and location for which the original 35 sale was reported to the director of revenue by the vendor or seller, and a 36 notarized statement signed by the vendor or seller affirming that the vendor or 37 seller has not received a refund or credit, will not apply for a refund or credit of 38 39 the tax collected on any transactions covered by the assignment, and authorizes the director to amend the seller's return to reflect the refund; or 40
- 41 (2) In the event the vendor or seller fails or refuses to provide an 42 assignment of rights statement within sixty days from the date of such 43 purchaser's written request to the vendor or seller, or the purchaser is not able 44 to locate the vendor or seller or the vendor or seller is no longer in business, the

60 61

62

63

65

66 67

6869

70

71

72

74

75

purchaser may provide the director a notarized statement confirming the efforts 45 46 that have been made to obtain an assignment of rights from the vendor or seller. Such statement shall contain a list of the transactions covered by the 47 assignment, the tax periods and location for which the original sale was reported 48 to the director of revenue by the vendor or seller. 49 The director shall not require such vendor, seller, or purchaser to submit 50 amended returns for refund claims submitted under the provisions of this 51 52 subsection. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, if the seller is registered with the director for collection and remittance of sales tax, the director 53 54 shall notify the seller at the seller's last known address of the claim for refund. 55 If the seller objects to the refund within thirty days of the date of the notice, the 56 director shall not pay the refund. If the seller agrees that the refund is warranted or fails to respond within thirty days, the director may issue the 57 refund and amend the seller's return to reflect the refund. For purposes of 58 59 section 32.069, the refund claim shall not be considered to have been filed until

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, when a vendor files a refund claim on behalf of a purchaser and such refund claim is denied by the director, notice of such denial and the reason for the denial shall be sent by the director to the vendor and each purchaser whose name and address is submitted with the refund claim form filed by the vendor. A purchaser shall be entitled to appeal the denial of the refund claim within sixty days of the date such notice of denial is mailed by the director as provided in section 144.261. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all refund claims filed after August 28, 2012. The provisions of this subsection allowing a purchaser to appeal the director's decision to deny a refund claim shall also apply to any refund claim denied by the director on or after January 1, 2007, if an appeal of the denial of the refund claim is filed by the purchaser no later than September 28, 2012, and if such claim is based solely on the issue of the exemption of the electronic transmission or delivery of computer software.

the seller agrees that the refund is warranted or thirty days after the date the

director notified the seller and the seller failed to respond.

6. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall authorize direct-pay agreements to purchasers which have annual purchases in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the director of revenue. For the purposes of such direct-pay agreements, the taxes authorized pursuant to chapters 66, 67, 70, 92,

81 94, 162, 190, 238, 321, and 644 shall be remitted based upon the location of the 82 place of business of the purchaser.

- 7. Special rules applicable to error corrections requested by customers of mobile telecommunications service are as follows:
- 85 (1) For purposes of this subsection, the terms "customer", "home service 86 provider", "place of primary use", "electronic database", and "enhanced zip code" 87 shall have the same meanings as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications 88 Sourcing Act incorporated by reference in section 144.013;
  - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a customer of mobile telecommunications services believes that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary use or the taxing jurisdiction included on a billing is erroneous, the customer shall notify the home service provider, in writing, within three years from the date of the billing statement. The customer shall include in such written notification the street address for the customer's place of primary use, the account name and number for which the customer seeks a correction of the tax assignment, a description of the error asserted by the customer and any other information the home service provider reasonably requires to process the request;
  - (3) Within sixty days of receiving the customer's notice, the home service provider shall review its records and the electronic database or enhanced zip code to determine the customer's correct taxing jurisdiction. If the home service provider determines that the review shows that the amount of tax, assignment of place of primary use or taxing jurisdiction is in error, the home service provider shall correct the error and, at its election, either refund or credit the amount of tax erroneously collected to the customer for a period of up to three years from the last day of the home service provider's sixty-day review period. If the home service provider determines that the review shows that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary use or the taxing jurisdiction is correct, the home service provider shall provide a written explanation of its determination to the customer.
- 8. For all refund claims submitted to the department of revenue on or after September 1, 2003, notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a person legally obligated to remit the tax levied [pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525] under this chapter has received a refund of such taxes for a specific issue and submits a subsequent claim for refund of such taxes on the same issue for a tax period beginning on or after the date the original refund check issued to such person, no refund shall be allowed. This subsection shall not

125

126

127

128

129

130131

132133

134135

136137

138139

140

141142

143144

145

146

147

149

apply and a refund shall be allowed if the refund claim is filed by a purchaser under the provisions of subsection 4 of this section, the refund claim is for use tax remitted by the purchaser, or an additional refund claim is filed by a person legally obligated to remit the tax due to any of the following:

- 121 (1) Receipt of additional information or an exemption certificate from the 122 purchaser of the item at issue;
- 123 (2) A decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or the administrative 124 hearing commission; or
  - (3) Changes in regulations or policy by the department of revenue.
  - 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the director of revenue shall respond to a request for a binding letter ruling filed in accordance with section 536.021 within sixty days of receipt of such request. If the director of revenue fails to respond to such letter ruling request within sixty days of receipt by the director, the director of revenue shall be barred from pursuing collection of any assessment of sales or use tax with respect to the issue which is the subject of the letter ruling request. For purposes of this subsection, the term "letter ruling" means a written interpretation of law by the director to a specific set of facts provided by a specific taxpayer or his or her agent.
  - 10. If any tax was paid more than once, was incorrectly collected, or was incorrectly computed, such sum shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person legally obligated to remit the tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.510 against any deficiency or tax due discovered through an audit of the person by the department of revenue through adjustment during the same tax filing period for which the audit applied.
  - 11. A cause of action against the seller by a purchaser for a tax erroneously or illegally collected under this chapter does not accrue until a purchaser has provided written notice to a seller and the seller has had sixty days to respond. Such notice to the seller must contain the information necessary to determine the validity of the request. A seller shall be presumed to have a reasonable business practice if in the collection of such tax, the seller uses a provider or a system certified by the director and has remitted to the state all tax collected less any deductions, credits, or allowances.

144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal 2 property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the 3 person who made the sale, except that with respect to sales, services, or

4 transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller shall obtain and

- 5 maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence
- 6 for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative
- 7 tribunal of this state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this
- 8 chapter in accordance with proof admissible under the applicable rules of
- 9 evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased tangible personal property
- 0 or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found to be
- 11 improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest,
- 12 additions to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest,
- 13 additions to tax or penalty collected by the director from the purchaser shall be
- 14 credited against the amount otherwise due from the seller on the purchases or
- 15 sales where the exemption was claimed.]
- 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment
- 17 of the tax made by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make
- 18 an additional assessment of tax due from such person, based upon the facts
- 19 contained in the return or upon any information within his possession or that
- 20 shall come into his possession.
- 3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such
- 22 additional or revised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at
- 23 his or its last known address.
  - 144.212. 1. In addition to all other provisions of law provided for
  - exemptions, when an exemption is claimed by a purchaser:
  - 3 (1) The seller shall obtain identifying information of the 4 purchaser and the reason for claiming a tax exemption at the time of
  - 5 the purchase;
  - 6 (2) A purchaser shall not be required to provide a signature to
  - 7 claim an exemption from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is
  - 8 used;
- 9 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an
- 10 exemption electronically prescribed by the director of the department
- 11 of revenue and acceptable to the streamlined sales and use tax
- 12 governing board;
- 13 (4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of a
- 14 claimed exemption regardless of the medium in which the transaction
- 15 occurred;
- 16 (5) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt

19

20

2122

2324

2526

27

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

36

37

39

41

42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49

5152

17 transactions and provide such records to the director of the 18 department of revenue or the director's designee upon request;

- (6) In the case of drop shipment sales, a third-party vendor, such as a drop shipper, may claim a resale exemption based on an exemption certificate provided by its customer or any other acceptable information available to the third-party vendor evidencing qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the customer is registered to collect and remit sales and use tax in the state where the sale is sourced.
- 2. Sellers that comply with the requirements of this section shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if it is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed an exemption and such purchaser shall be liable for the nonpayment of tax. Relief from liability provided under this section shall not apply to a seller who fraudulently fails to collect tax; to a seller who solicits purchasers to participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption; to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate when the purchaser claims an entitybased exemption when the subject of the transaction sought to be covered by the exemption certificate is actually received by the purchaser at a location operated by the seller and the state in which that location resides provides an exemption certificate that clearly and affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in such state; or to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use for tangible personal property other than computer software for which an exemption claiming multiple points of use.
- (1) A seller shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures the relevant data elements required under the agreement within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale.
- (2) If a seller fails to obtain an exemption certificate or all relevant data elements as provided in this section, the seller may, within one hundred twenty days subsequent to a request for substantiation by the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee, either prove that the transaction was not subject to tax by other means or obtain a fully completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith.

54

55

56

5758

59

60

61

64

65

66

67

11

1213

- 3. Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee to require purchasers to update exemption certificate information or to reapply with the state to claim certain exemptions.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, the director shall relieve a seller of the tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate for a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business relationship. The director shall not request from the seller renewal of blanket certificates or updates of exemption certificate information or data elements when there is a recurring business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this section, a recurring business relationship exists when a period of no more than twelve months elapses between sales transactions.
- 144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the director of revenue shall establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be collected on sales of specified amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] When the seller is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to the state:
- 9 (1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place; 10 and
  - (2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the third decimal place is greater than four.
- 14 2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are 15 rendered to the taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases 16 17 represented on the statement, rounded to the nearest whole cent, or by application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the option 18 19 of the retail vendor] Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a 20 transaction on an item or an invoice basis. The provision of this 21subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
  - 3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser

SB 46 202

24

25

26 27

3

7

8 9

10

11

12

23 as a sales tax any sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section.

- 4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax rate to each taxable purchase, rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula shall be uniformly and consistently applied to all purchases similarly situated.
- 28 5.] Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in his gross receipts if the 29 30 amounts are separately charged or stated.
- 31 [6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by a taxpayer pursuant to chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less 32 33 than all sales tax due for a filing period specified in section 144.080, the director 34 of revenue shall deposit the tax remitted proportionately to each taxing 35 jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each such jurisdiction's share 36 of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such taxpayer 37 for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall 38 be similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was 39 due during the filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all returns or remittances relating to sales made 40 41 on or after January 1, 1984.
  - 144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show Me Green Sales Tax Holiday".
    - 2. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and freezers; and 6
  - (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as eligible to display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.
- 3.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law and all local sales and use taxes all retail sales of any [energy star certified] new appliance[,] that is an energy star qualified product with a sales price of up to one thousand five hundred dollars per appliance[,] during a seven-day period beginning at 12:01 15 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April twenty-fifth. Where 16 a purchaser and seller are located in two different time zones, the time zone of the seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption

18 period.

28

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38 39

40

41

43

44

- [4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision shall notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.
- 5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.
  - 3. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:
  - (1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period; or
  - (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period.
  - 4. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law for all other bundled transactions.
  - 5. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
- (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.
- 6. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.
  - 7. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that

SB 46 204

60

61 62

63

64

65 66

67 68

69

70

71

72

73 74

75

77

78

79

81

82

83

84

85 86

87

88

90

91

are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period due 55 to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period. 59

- 8. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item for a similar eligible item after the exemption period, no additional tax shall be due on the new item.
- (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale of the newly purchased item.
- (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property before an exemption period, but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.
- (4) For a sixty day period immediately following the end of the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item no credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid, or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was paid on the item being returned.
- 9. For items that require delivery, an item shall be considered 80 exempt if:
  - (1) The item is both delivered to and paid for by the purchaser during the exemption period; or
  - (2) The purchaser orders and pays for the item and the seller accepts the order during the exemption period for immediate shipment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period. For the purposes of this subdivision, a seller shall be considered to have accepted an order when the seller has taken action to fill the order for immediate shipment. Actions to fill an order shall include placement of an "in date" stamp on a mail order or the assignment of an "order number" to a telephone order. An order shall be considered for immediate shipment when the purchaser does not request delayed shipment. An

- 92 order shall be considered for immediate shipment notwithstanding a
- 93 shipment that may be delayed because of a backlog of orders or
- 94 because an item is currently unavailable or on back order.
- 144.595. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms 2 shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Marketplace facilitator", a person that contracts with sellers
  4 to facilitate for consideration, regardless of whether deducted as fees
  5 from the transaction, the sale of the seller's products through an
  6 electronic marketplace operated by a person, and engages:
- 7 (a) Either directly or indirectly, through one or more affiliated 8 persons in any of the following:
- 9 a. Transmitting or otherwise communicating the offer or 10 acceptance between the purchaser and marketplace seller;
- b. Owning or operating the infrastructure, electronic or physical,
   or technology that brings purchasers and marketplace sellers together;
- 13 c. Providing a virtual currency that purchasers are allowed or 14 required to use to purchase products from the marketplace seller; or
- d. Software development or research and development activities related to any of the activities described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision if such activities are directly related to an electronic marketplace operated by a person or an affiliated person; and
- 19 **(b)** In any of the following activities with respect to the 20 marketplace seller's products:
- 21 a. Payment processing services;
- 22 b. Fulfillment or storage services;
- c. Listing products for sale;
- 24 d. Setting prices;
- e. Branding sales as those of the marketplace facilitator;
- 26 f. Order taking;
- 27 g. Advertising or promotion; or
- h. Providing customer service or accepting or assisting with returns or exchanges;
- 30 A marketplace facilitator is a seller and shall comply with the 31 provisions of this chapter;
- 32 (2) "Marketplace seller", a seller that makes sales through any 33 electronic marketplace operated by a marketplace facilitator;
- 34 (3) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture,

association, corporation, municipal or private, whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the department of transportation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit;

- (4) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage, or consumption in this state;
- (5) "Retail sale", the same meaning as defined under sections 144.010 and 144.011, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020;
- (6) "Seller", a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering services on the receipts from which a tax is imposed under section 144.020.
- 2. By no later than January 1, 2020, marketplace facilitators that reach the threshold provided under subsection 4 of section 144.021 shall register with the department to collect and remit sales tax on sales made through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace by or on behalf of a marketplace seller that are delivered into the state, whether by the marketplace facilitator or another person. Such retail sales shall include those made directly by the marketplace facilitator and shall also include those retail sales made by marketplace sellers through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace. The collection and reporting requirements of this subsection shall not apply to retail sales other than those made through a marketplace facilitator's marketplace.
- 3. Marketplace facilitators that are required to collect sales tax under this section shall report and remit the tax in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and shall maintain records of all sales delivered to a location in the state, including copies of invoices showing the purchaser, address, purchase amount, and sales tax collected. Such records shall be made available for review and inspection upon request by the department.
- 4. Marketplace facilitators who properly collect and remit to the department in a timely manner sales tax on sales in accordance with

the provisions of this section by or on behalf of marketplace sellers shall be eligible for any discount provided under this chapter.

- 5. A marketplace facilitator shall provide the purchaser with a statement or invoice showing that the sales tax was collected and shall be remitted on the purchaser's behalf.
- 6. Any taxpayer who remits sales tax under this section shall be entitled to refunds or credits to the same extent and in the same manner provided for in section 144.190 for taxes collected and remitted under this section.
- 7. Marketplace facilitators shall be subject to the penalty provisions, procedures, and reporting requirements provided under the provisions of this chapter.

144.600. 1. This law may be cited as the "Compensating Use Tax Law".

- 2 2. All provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.527 with respect to 3 sales into this state by out-of-state sellers apply to the Compensating 4 Use Tax Law.
  - 144.612. A vendor is required to register with the director under this chapter for the collection and remittance of use tax if the vendor is engaged in business activities within this state. For purposes of this chapter, "engages in business activities within this state" includes:
- 5 (1) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating 6 under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee 7 is required to collect sales tax under this chapter;
- 8 (2) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling 9 representatives;
- 10 (3) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within 11 this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its 12 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- 13 (a) Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so 14 under the same or a similar business name;
- (b) Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
- 19 (c) Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance 20 services for the vendor's customers within the state;
- 21 (d) Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in

the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or

- (e) Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
- (4) The presumption in subdivision (3) of this section may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- (5) Notwithstanding subdivision (3) of this section, a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;
- (6) The presumption in subdivision (5) of this section may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith.

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of revenue a return of all taxes collected for the preceding quarter in the form prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the total sales price of the tangible personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which

13

1415

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

6 is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director of revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of 8 the amount of the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period covered by the return. Returns shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's authorized agent. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but shall not require any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

- 2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.
- 3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person 24 purchasing tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which 2526 is subject to the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the tax due to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 2728 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the preceding 29 reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, 30 showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the preceding reporting period and any other information that the director of revenue 31 deems necessary for the proper administration of sections 144.600 to 32 33 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. Returns 34 shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized 35 36 agent. For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined 37 by the director of revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar 38 year. Annual returns and payments required by the director pursuant to this 39 subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year for the preceding 40 calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the

SB 46 210

58

61

42 taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments 43 on a monthly basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, 44 such return and payment shall be due on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month. 45

- 46 5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax 47 return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were 49 not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendar 50 year.
- 51 6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total 53 gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed 54 in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from 55 56 paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650. 57
- 7. Any out-of-state seller which is not legally required to register for use tax in this state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under 59 sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a return for the calendar year. The 60 return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirtyfirst of the succeeding year.

144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.] The provisions of section 144.140 relating to the allowance for timely remittance of payment shall be applicable to the tax levied under sections 144.600 to 144.745.

144.759. 1. All local use taxes collected by the director of revenue [pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761] under this chapter on behalf of any 2county or municipality, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a local use tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the local sales tax trust funds. The moneys in such local use tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount

19

20

21

22

2324

2526

2728

2930

3132

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

4445

10 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a local use tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and to the public. No later than the tenth day of 12 each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 13 trust fund during the preceding month, except as provided in subsection 2 of this 14 section, to the county or municipality treasurer, or such other officer as may be 15 designated by the county or municipality ordinance or order, of each county or 16 17 municipality imposing the tax authorized by sections 144.757 to 144.761, the sum due the county or municipality as certified by the director of revenue. 18

2. The director of revenue shall distribute all moneys which would be due any county having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more to the county treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance, who shall distribute such moneys as follows: the portion of the use tax imposed by the county which equals one-half the rate of sales tax in effect for such county shall be disbursed to the county treasurer for expenditure throughout the county for public safety, parks, and job creation, subject to any qualifications and regulations adopted by ordinance of the county. Such ordinance shall require an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of such funds each year. Such ordinance shall also require that the county and the municipal league of the county jointly prepare a strategy to guide expenditures of funds and conduct an annual review of the strategy. The treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance shall distribute one-third of the balance to the county and to each city, town and village in group B according to section 66.620 as modified by this section, a portion of the two-thirds remainder of such balance equal to the percentage ratio that the population of each such city, town or village bears to the total population of all such group B cities, towns and villages. For the purposes of this subsection, population shall be determined by the last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purposes of this subsection, each city, town or village in group A according to section 66.620 but whose per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 were less than the per capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year, shall be treated as a group B city, town or village until the per capita amount distributed to such city, town or village equals the difference between the per capita sales tax receipts during the preceding

48

49

50

5152

53

54

55

5657

58

5960

6162

6364

6566

6768

69

70

71

46 calendar year and the per capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts 47 during the preceding calendar year.

- 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties or municipalities. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.
- 4. Except as modified in sections 144.757 to 144.761, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 applicable to the local sales tax, except for subsection 12 of section 32.087, and all provisions of [sections 144.600 to 144.745] this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761, and the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax.
- 144.761. 1. No county or municipality imposing a local use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 may repeal or amend such local use tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county or municipality in the manner provided in section 144.757; provided, however, that the repeal of the local sales tax within the county or municipality shall be deemed to repeal the local use tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761.
- 8 2. Whenever the governing body of any county or municipality in which 9 a local use tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 144.757 to 144.761 receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of

10

1112

13

1415

16

18

1920

21

22

23

24

such county or municipality voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for 11 an election to repeal such local use tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county or municipality a proposal to repeal the county or 13 municipality use tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761. If a 14 majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon 15 are in favor of the proposal to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or 16 order imposing the local use tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed. 17 If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed 18 to the proposal to repeal the local use tax, then the ordinance or order imposing 19 20 the local use tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in 21effect. Subsection 19 of section 32.087 shall apply to such repeal of the tax authorized under sections 144.757 to 144.761.

district sales tax by resolution on all retail sales made in such museum and cultural cultural district which are subject to [taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] sales tax under chapter 144. Such museum and cultural district sales tax may be imposed for any museum or cultural purpose designated by the board of the museum and cultural district. If the resolution is adopted the board of the district may submit the question of whether to impose a sales tax authorized by this section to the qualified voters, who shall have the same voting interests as with the election of members of the board of the district.

- 2. The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter following adoption of the tax by the board or qualified voters] as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087, if the board elects to submit the question of whether to impose a sales tax to the qualified voters.
- 3. In each museum and cultural district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the museum and cultural district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 4. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [museum

and cultural district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in tax shall be calculated as authorized by the provisions of section 144.285.

- 5. All revenue received by a museum and cultural district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain museum or cultural purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. All funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated museum or cultural purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other museum or cultural district funds.
- 6. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one-half of one percent, three-fourths of one percent or one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the museum and cultural district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144. Any museum and cultural district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.
- 7. On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the [museum and cultural district] director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the [museum and cultural district] director of revenue.
- 8. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the museum and cultural districts[, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as

the "Missouri Museum Cultural District Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county.

- 9. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
- 10. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the museum and cultural district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- 12. [For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order shall be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- 13.] All sales taxes collected by the museum and cultural district shall be deposited by the museum and cultural district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The museum and cultural district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant

108

109

97 to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection by the officers and 98 directors of each museum and cultural district and the Missouri department of 99 revenue. Tax returns filed by businesses within the district shall otherwise be 100 considered as confidential in the same manner as sales tax returns filed with the 101 Missouri department of revenue.

[14.] 13. No museum and cultural district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued to finance any project or projects.

## 14. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such region which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144 for the purpose of providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized in chapter 115, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a tax.

12 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 13 following language: Shall the regional jail district of (counties' names) impose 14 a region-wide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) for the purpose of 15 providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the 16 17 region?  $\square$  NO 18  $\square$  YES If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 19 20 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 21 opposite "NO".

22 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the 23 district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any SB 46 217

35

36

37 38

39 40

41 42

43 44

51

24 amendment to such order shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the 26 required majority, the commission shall have no power to impose the sales tax 27authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the commission shall again 28 29 have submitted another proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required 30 majority of the qualified voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, 31 in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters 32 33 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last submission of a proposal 34 pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 45 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall 46 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 47 48 surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional Jail District Sales 49 Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund 50 shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 52of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales 53 tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of 54 officers of each member county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of 55 56 each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 57 trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all 58 59 expenditures of funds arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund

64

65

66

6768

69

70

71

72

7374

7576

7778

81

shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the commission and shall be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the regional jail district tax to the voters.

- 6. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the **repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection** 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
- 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 80 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
  - 8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2028.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to taxation [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance], electricity piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller. Such transportation development district sales tax may be imposed 11 for any transportation development purpose designated by the transportation development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that 13 no resolution enacted pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be effective unless: 14

22

23

24

25

26

27

37

48

49

50

opposite "NO".

- 15 (a) The board of directors of the transportation development district 16 submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a 17 proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development 18 district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the 19 provisions of this section; or
- 20 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed 21 pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.
  - (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

28 Shall the transportation development district of 29 (transportation development district's name) impose a transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate of 30 31 \_ (insert amount) for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert number) years 32 from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of 33 (insert transportation development purpose)?  $\square$  YES  $\square$  NO 34 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 35 36 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 38 39 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments 40 thereto shall be in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If 41 a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the transportation development district 42shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and 43 until the board of directors of the transportation development district shall again 44 have submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the sales tax pursuant 45 46 to the provisions of this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of 47 the qualified voters voting thereon.

(3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives notification of the tax.

51 (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has 52 been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the 53 tax imposed by the transportation development district pursuant to this section 54 to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of 55 the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 56 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

- (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285.
- (6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.
- [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri [pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to public utilities]. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.
  - 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall

impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided [in sections 144.010 to 144.525] under chapter 144, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.

- 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
  - (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to

123 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations 124 of this section.

- (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- 5.] All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each transportation development district and the general public.
- [6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.
- (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the transportation development sales

168

169

170

171

172173

174

175

176

177

178

179180

181182

10

159 tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes 160 cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the 161 proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution 162 imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments 163 thereto, is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 164 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 165 the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the 166 ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along 167 with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.

- [7.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under [the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144**. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose a tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the

following language: 11 12 Shall the \_\_\_\_\_ Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of \_\_\_\_\_ (insert amount) in order to provide revenues for the 13 operation of transportation facilities operated by the transit 14 authority? 15  $\square$  NO 16  $\square$  YES If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite 17 "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box 18 19 opposite "NO". If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 20 21thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective [on the 22first day of the second calendar quarter following notification to the department 23of revenue of adoption of the tax as provided by subsection 19 of section 24**32.087.** If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed 25to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until another proposal to 26 27 authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section has been submitted and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 28 29 voters voting thereon. 30 3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized 31 under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and 32 shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county 33 for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund 34 which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit 35 36 authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county 37 funds. 38 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to 39 and approved by the voters of the county in the same manner as provided in 40 subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing 41 42body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided 43 by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to 44

3 county a proposal to repeal the sales tax imposed under the provisions of this

repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such

section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.

- 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts imposed under other provisions of law.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 shall apply to all taxable transactions.
- 7. All applicable provisions contained in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section. The same sales tax

permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by [sections 144.010] to 144.525] chapter 144 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and [sections 144.010 to 144.525] **chapter 144** for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.

9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any transit authority[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section,] shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138139

140

141

142

143

144

145146

147

148

149150

151

152

153

154

distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit authority which levied the tax.

[10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may authorize the state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, the transit authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the tax authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the transit authority.

[11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

[12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall SB 46 228

155

161 162

163

164 165

166

167

168 169

170 171

172

173

174 175

176 177

178

179

180

181 182

183

184

185 186

187

188

189

190

not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address 156 of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this 157 section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be 158 deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or 159 160 sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only include motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

[13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of revenue shall notify the transit authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority, acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a judgment for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under this section, the director of revenue shall promptly notify the transit authority to which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be taken by the transit authority.

[14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under this section.

194

195

196197

198

199

200

201

202

20

21

[15] [15] The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.

16.] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any election to increase the sales tax under this section, and such proposal is approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs of submitting such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.

15. Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

644.032. 1. The governing body of any municipality or county may 2 impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such municipality or county which are 3 subject to taxation under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] chapter 144. The tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall 7 be effective unless the governing body of the municipality or county submits to the voters of the municipality or county, at a municipal, county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the 10 11 municipality or county to impose a tax, provided, that the tax authorized by this section shall not be imposed on the sales of food, as defined in section 144.014, 1213 when imposed by any county with a charter form of government and with more 14 than one million inhabitants. 15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 16 following language: Shall the municipality (county) of \_\_\_\_\_ impose a sales tax of 17 (insert amount) for the purpose of providing funding for 18 (insert either storm water control, or local parks, or storm 19

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall [be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after

water control and local parks) for the municipality (county)?

 $\square$  NO

 $\square$  YES

SB 46 230

25

26

31

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44 45

46 47

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax become effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes 27 cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the municipality or county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in 2829 this section and section 644.033 until the governing body of the municipality or county resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the 30 municipality or county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and 32 section 644.033 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 33 voters voting thereon; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033.

- 3. All revenue received by a municipality or county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used to provide funding for storm water control or for local parks, or both, within such municipality or county, provided that such revenue may be used for local parks outside such municipality or county if the municipality or county is engaged in a cooperative agreement pursuant to section 70.220.
- 4. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other municipal or county funds.

## 5. Except as provided by this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect to the allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax proceeds determined to be due any county of the first classification having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all municipalities within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748, and sections 94.850 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying the county sales tax under sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue shall furnish the county with sufficient information to perform such

 $^{2}$ 

duties in such form as may be agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county shall be bound by the provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this section solely for the purpose of allocating, dividing and distributing such sales and use tax revenues. The county shall exercise all of the director's powers and duties with respect to such allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for carrying out such powers and duties.]

[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.]

[67.1971. All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.069. All sales taxes associated with the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors under the laws of Missouri shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the address of the owner thereof, and all sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles under leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the location of the address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision shall be collected and remitted on such sales from the purchaser or lessee by the state department of revenue on that basis.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, when such textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts,

humanities or sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the books which are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department or institution of his or her required or recommended textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed sales or use tax.]

[144.605. The following words and phrases as used in sections 144.600 to 144.745 mean and include:

- (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first;
- (2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:
- (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling representatives;
- (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a similar business name;
- b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
- c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's customers within the state;
- d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse,

storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or

- e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
- (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;
- (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;
- (3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state, whether owned or

operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such;

- (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;
- (5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;
- (6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage or consumption in this state;
- (7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and any transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, conditional sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that the title or possession of the property or both is retained for security. For the purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, storer or consumer is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, private contractors, mails, express, agents, salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers or otherwise;
- (8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given, or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the tangible personal property, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used,

labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses whatsoever, except that cash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or credit or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. The sales price shall not include usual and customary delivery charges that are separately stated. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted;

- (9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745 and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
- (10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;
- (11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the Missouri sales tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section 144.020;
- (12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;
- (13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;
- (14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent

136

137

138139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147148

149

150

151

152

2

3

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

or peddling tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state and every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

[144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and referred to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]

[144.1003. As used in sections 144.1000 to 144.1015, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
- (2) "Certified automated system", software certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and maintain a record of the transaction;
- (3) "Certified service provider", an agent certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales tax functions;
- (4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, corporation or any other legal entity;
  - (5) "Sales tax", any sales tax levied pursuant to this

10

1112

13

13 14

1415

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

1920

21

22

23

2

3

4

5

6

chapter, section 32.085, or any other sales tax authorized by statute and levied by this state or its political subdivisions;

- (6) "Seller", any person making sales, leases or rentals of personal property or services;
- (7) "State", any state of the United States and the District of Columbia;
  - (8) "Use tax", the use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.]

[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary, amending the agreement embodying the simplification recommendations contained in section 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate discussions. For purposes of such discussions, the state shall be represented by seven delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives, two members appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate. The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at least one of the delegates appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one member appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate shall be from the private sector and represent the interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status of the multistate discussions and upon final adoption of the terms of the sales and use tax agreement by the multistate body.]

[144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or amends any provision of the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this agreement in this state, whether adopted before, at, or after membership of this state in the agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. Such report shall be

SB 46

7

8

9

10

11

238 7 delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the president pro 8 tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of 9 representatives and shall simultaneously be made publicly 10 available by the secretary of state to any person requesting a copy.] [144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the 2 delegates shall not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and 3 use tax agreement that: (1) Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would 4 5 cause any item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted 6 from sales or use tax to become subject to sales or use tax; 7 (2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully 8 apply sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item; 9 (3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes 10 in effect on August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on 11 one or more items without application of the tax to all sales within 12 the taxing jurisdiction, however, restriction of any such taxes 13 allowed by statutes effective after August 28, 2002, may be 14 supported; 15 (4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that 16 would result in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer; 17 (5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or (6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of 18 19 sales and use tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax 20 exemption in the state of Missouri, including exemptions that are 21based on the value of the transaction or item. [144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section 2 144.1012, the delegates should consider the following features when deciding whether or not to enter into any streamlined sales 3 and use tax agreement: 4 5 (1) The agreement should address the limitation of the number of state rates over time; 6

- (2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for administration of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales and use tax returns and remittances;
- (3) The agreement should require the state to provide a central, electronic registration system that allows a seller to

register to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all signatory states;

- (4) The agreement should provide that registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in the signatory states will not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with a state for any tax;
- (5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the burdens of complying with local sales and use taxes through the following so long as they do not conflict with the provisions of section 144.1012:
- (a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax bases;
- (b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes levied by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers collecting and remitting these taxes will not have to register or file returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to independent audits from local taxing jurisdictions;
- (c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales and use tax rates and setting effective dates for the application of local jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales and use taxes; and
- (d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and of changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;
- (6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances that are to be provided by the states to sellers or certified service providers. The agreement must allow for a joint public and private sector study of the compliance cost on sellers and certified service providers to collect sales and use taxes for state and local governments under various levels of complexity to be completed by July 1, 2003;
- (7) The agreement should require each state to certify compliance with the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to maintain compliance, under the laws of the member state, with all provisions of the agreement while a member, only if the agreement and any amendment thereto complies with the provisions of section 144.1012;

48	(8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a
49	uniform policy for certified service providers that protects the
50	privacy of consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax
51	information; and
52	(9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an
53	advisory council of private sector representatives and an advisory
54	council of nonmember state representatives to consult with in the
55	administration of the agreement.]
	Section B. Section A of this act shall become effective January 1, 2020.
	Unofficial

D '11

Copy